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Victoria Daily Times.

P P
C. E. JONES,
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Open Day and Night.
P P

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1893. No. 151

If your COOKING STOVE is used up or unsatisfactory we will allow you its value in exchance for a

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Made of Steel and Maleable Iron and guaranteed to give satisfaction

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Always in stock: The Leading Brands of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, Preller's Clarets and Sauternes, J. Josephin's Bourgogne, B. Bert & Co.'s Sauternes, G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne, and other Principal Brands of Champagne, also Jos. Schlitz' Celebrated Milwaukee Beer, and the Leading Brands of English Ales and Porter.

WHISKIES Gooderham & Worts' Rye, and the Best Brands of Scotch and Irish Whiskies, In bulk and case.

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Positively no Wines or Liquors Sold in Quantities less than two gallons or one case.

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Successors to Boucherat & Co.

50 PER CENT.

Dry Goods at Half Price

At

THE WESTSIDE

WE OFFER THIS WEEK:

200 yds. Check Tweed, 30c., reduced to 15c.
300 yds. Bedford Cord, 44 inches wide, 40c., at 15c.
250 yds. Double Width Checked Tweed, 35c., at 20c.
400 yds. Fancy English Tweed, 50c., at 25c.
600 yds. Double Width French Twills, 50c at 25c.
450 yds Double Width Tweeds. 75c., at 40c.
Black French Cashmeres and Fancy Black Dress Goods, at about half price.
Jackets, Capes and Blouses at Clearance Prices.

A SPECIAL LINE OF

25 doz. Suede Musquetare GLOVES, in Black and Colored, 10 button laugths, worth $1 to $1.25. Sale price, 65c.

SEE WINDOWS.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

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RESERVE FUND.....£260,000 $1,265,333.

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IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

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SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum. Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1yr W. C. WARD, MANAGER

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Great Variety of Goods Just Received per S. S. Tacoma.
Very Cheap—Good Value.
Few Nice Palms and Fern Plants.

EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer.

1 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE.

As many people are under the impression that Munroe Miller's Job Printing and Bookbinding Establishment is closed, I beg to inform the public that every department is in full operation, under the management of Mr. Miller, who will be glad to welcome his old friends and make new ones.

THOS. T HULL,
Assignee.

ju21-1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SONS OF ERIN Picnic next Saturday, as a gurantee of good quality, refreshments of all kinds will be supplied from the Colonial Metropole Hotel. ju 29-1t

WANTED—Bright man to whom to sell the information to make with $300, big money. I want half of the profits. Address B B Times office. j29-1t

WANTED—Young man as stenographer and typewriter. Apply Wilson Reed, Yates street. j29-1f

VICTORIA THEATRE.

JUST ONE NIGHT.

TUESDAY Night, July 4th

Special Engagement of the Popular Emotional Actress

Maude Granger,

Assisted by Mr. FREDERICK HERZOG,

And a Perfect Company, personally directed by Mr. Harry L. Rush, in the Latest Social Surprise,

The Fringe of Society

Produced in Victoria with every detail of setting and costuming as complete as in the City productions. Elegant Costumes. Superb Settings. Fashionable Audiences Everywhere

Seat sale now progressing. ju29-td

The Affairs of St. Helena.

In transmitting to the Colonial Office his report on St. Helena for 1891 Governor Grey-Wilson states that the gloomy forebodings to which he gave expression in his report upon the Blue-book for 1890 were, he very much regretted to state, more than justified by the year under review. The revenue was £6874 (£1854 less than in 1890) and the expenditure £8287 (£745 less than in 1890), so that the expenditure exceeded revenue by the comparatively large sum of £1413. The chief falling off in the revenue occurred under the heads of "customs" and "land revenue," and was in a great measure the result of the reduction of the garrison. A deficit of £802 was anticipated, and by very stringent and in some cases almost detrimental economies a saving of £365 on the authorized expenditure was effected. But no efforts could have averted the result which the collapse in the revenue entailed. The condition of the island in August was such as to excite very grave anxiety. Work was almost unobtainable; with the shipping nothing was doing; the potato crop was indifferent; and starvation faced many. Under these circumstances the governor started relief work for women and children only, so as to leave the men ready for anything that might turn up. In St. Helena, a few hours may suffice to dispel despair. The arrival of a ship needing coal, or of a man-of-war, or of a ship in distress to land cargo may at any moment offer work to those in urgent need of it. It so happened that within three weeks of the commencement of the relief work a man-of-war came in, and before the close of the year several had arrived in rapid succession. The governor was thus relieved of all immediate cause for anxiety. The assets of the colony at the close of the year amounted to £12,580 and the current liabilities to £13,366. This showed a deficit of £786, while at the close of the previous year the assets had exceeded the liabilities by £813.

Ontario Class Privileges.

On Monday, in a debate on the Ontario Medical Association, Dr. Sangster, himself a medical man, declared that the medical council was a monopoly of the worst kind. He also made the extraordinary statemen that the council "had things so fixed that if Sir Andrew Clark or Dawson Tait, of England, or Loomas or De Costa, of the United States, wanted to come and practice in Ontario thy would have to attend school again and pass the examinations." In this part of the province we know from recent occurrences that if a Quebec doctor of the highest repute were to cross the line in response to the cry for aid of a dying person he could be fined for it. This is not supposititious at all; a Quebec doctor was fined in this neighborhood not so long ago at the instance of the Ontario Medical association, for responding to a call on this side of the Ottawa and helping a sick person to whom Ontario aid was not at the time available. In law, as the Journal has often pointed out, the most grossly unjust conditions have been enforced in many respects recently by the Ontario Law society, which has arrogated privileges which no free people should permit. Worst of all, it has enacted regulations which forbid the study of law to the poorer boys of the province outside Toronto. One of the great avenues to competence, success and distinction has been closed in Ontario by this society, authorized by the legislature, to all but the sons of the well-to-do. It is high time, indeed, that the manifold abuses which are perpetrated under the excuse of class and professional autonomy should be assailed and exposed in the legislature.—Ottawa Journal.

This in Civilized Ontario.

A curious story is reported from Havelock, which, if true, indicates a degree of callousness on the part of grown-up men which is most deplorable and disgraceful. It is stated that a boy named Harry, the son of Mr. Richard Giles, a C. P. R. engineer, was baited by the men in the shops where he worked to such an extent that wild fancies took hold of him. Among the things said to frighten the youth was that a tramp was lying in wait for him to kill him. On Tuesday last, so the story goes, the lad was standing on the top of a water tank, where he was working, and seeing two men approach he got frightened, and jumping off the tank a long distance, he took to the woods. He has not been seen since. And now an inexplicable phase of the story comes in. The boy's father, half distracted and disconsolate, went in despair to a man supposed to be a soothsayer, and made enquiries from him as to the fate of his son. The reply was that the boy was lying beside a log in the woods with his throat cut. Half mad with excitement the father consulted yet another soothsayer, a younger man, who gave him a similar reply. The soothsayers' words were spread abroad, and the affair has taken hold of the community, which is in a state of wild excitement.—Toronto Mail.

Has a Good Catch.

A cablegram received this morning from Hakodate announces that the schooner Agnes Macdonald was there last night with 2500 sealskins, which will be shipped to Victoria on the next Empress leaving Yokohama. The Macdonald is "high line" boat so far.

INDIAN BANKERS

They Demand Compensation for Depreciation of Silver.

GOVERNMENT CONSIDERING THE CLAIM

Great Meeting of International Epworth League.

Finish of the Cowboy Race—Charged That the Winners Travelled by Rail—Romantic Contest for the Hand of a Southern Belle—Admiral Seymour to Succeed Vice-Admiral Tryon.

Simla, June 29.—The Indian government is discussing the claim of the various banks which have £1,500,000 in silver now on passage to India, and which want compensation for depreciation in value on the metal arising from the action of the government in stopping the free coinage of silver. It is said the government is inclined to secure the banks against loss.

Admiral Seymour Appointed.

London, June 29.—Vice-Admiral Sir Michael Culme Seymour, commander-in-chief of the British Mediterranean station, has been appointed to succeed Vice-Admiral Sir George Tryon, who lost his life by the foundering of the battleship Victoria.

Rival Southern Lovers.

Augusta, Ga., June 29.—Miss Annie Story, the beautiful daughter of Col. H. F. Story, of Yorkville, has many admirers, but could not decide between Andrew McBrayer and David Govan. Finally she sent for the minister and the two young men. She told the rivals that the one who would come back to her first with a marriage license, should be her husband, both men to leave Yorkville at the same time and ride to Dallas, the county seat. The young men were well mounted and the distance was 19 miles. The race was a hot one. McBrayer, the rich lover, reached Dallas first, and secured the license before Govan appeared. The latter came a moment afterward and also secured a license. In a few moments he was also on his way back to Yorkville. The race became sharp. Govan was desperate because his rival was better mounted. Miss Story, her father and the minister waited on the piazza for the racing rivals. McBrayer was seen first. He was excited, and far down the road it was noticed that his horse was nearly exhausted. The race was a most exciting one and seemed his. He was nearing the gate; in a moment Govan appeared in a breath. He was 200 yards ahead of McBrayer. He first reached the piazza and won the prize. He had taken the short cut through the woods. The ceremony was performed and McBrayer gracefully acknowledged defeat and joined in the marriage festivities.

The Cowboy Race.

Chicago, Ills., June 29.—There is trouble ahead for Berry, the alleged winner of the cowboy race. George Jones and Rattlesnake Pete, two of the contestants who arrived this morning, claim that Berry and also Albright, Gillespie and Smith, the first four men in, rode in the cars at night and shipped their horses. Jones claims that he and Rattlesnake Pete are the only men who rode a fair race. His statement is corroborated by the correspondent of a local paper, who came over the road on a bicycle. It is claimed that Albright, Gillespie and Smith shipped their horses between Dixon and Dekalb, Ills., and in various places through Iowa. The officers of the humane society had difficulty in obtaining livery teams as the cowboys hired the teams in advance.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Hong Kong, June 29.—S.S. Empress of India arrived here at 6.30 a. m. on uesday, the 27th.

Santa Ana, Cal., June 29.—John Faulkner committed suicide this morning by taking strychnine, at Orange, two miles from Santa Ana. He leaves two children.

World's Fair Grounds, Chicago, June 29.—This is "Miller's Day" at the Columbian Exposition, and they have turned out in considerable numbers. The summer meeting of the Michigan State Millers' Association opened this morning in the Michigan building, and this afternoon the millers of the country are celebrating at Festival Hall. Ex-Governor Stannard, of St. Louis, presided at the formal exercises, which consisted of music and addresses. The millers will hold high carnival at the fair for the remainder of the week.

Chicago, June 29.—At this morning's session of the National Congress of Building and Loan Associations Secretary Eldredge, of the Massachusetts League of Co-operative banks, spoke upon the best methods to be pursued in advertising building and loan associations and bringing them to the attention of the public in localities where they have an existence. Numerous suggestions were offered by the delegates, after which the roll of states was called for ideas and suggestions from the various delegates.

Burlington, Iowa, June 29.—The suddenness of the death of Mrs. Gus. Walden, who was apparently in perfect health, was so strange that a post mortem examination was held. Her heart was found burst asunder. Physicians say no other such case was ever heard of. The cause is supposed to have been a tremendous emotional convulsion.

Chicago, June 29.—Under proclamation of the mayor, to-day is "Poor Children's Day," and thousands of little ones who battle manfully from year's end to year's end in the capacity of newsboys, bootblacks and such other work as they can find to do in their struggle for existence, are enjoying an outing and picnic at the World's Fair. Previous to the picnic the little ones paraded through the streets of the city, the procession being nearly a mile in length.

Fairfield, Iowa, June 28.—Charles Wilson, of Newtondon, yesterday called his wife, with whom he had had trouble, out from a hotel and shot her twice. He then shot himself. Both will probably die. It is said Wilson previously tried to kill his wife with an axe at Muscatine.

Colorado Springs, Colo., June 29.—W. S. Stratton yesterday sold the Washington and Independence claims at Cripple Creek to S. M. Rearldman, of California, for $150,000. This is the largest sale yet made in the history of the camp. Mr. Rearldman represents a wealthy syndicate, whose faith in the camp will aid materially in its development.

Oakland, Cal., June 29.—Mrs. H. A. Redfield, of this city, who was severely injured by being thrown from a street car seven weeks ago, died to-day after lingering in unconsciousness most of the time. She had been to Mountain View Cemetery to place flowers on the grave of her mother, and on her return the car got away from the motorman in coming down a steep grade and was thrown from the track.

Paris, June 28.—Two persons died of cholera to-day in Toulon and one in Montpelier.

Vienna, June 28.—The first performance of the Passion Play in Horitz, Bohemia, was given yesterday.

London, June 28.—A sailor from Nantes, France, has died on the Tyne from cholera.

London, June 28.—The Times publishes a dispatch giving a report of a serious Mongolian uprising that occurred at Wahu under the Chinese government. The dispatch adds that troops were sent to quell the disturbance.

London, June 28.—All the Berlin newspapers except the Vossische Zeitung admit that the government is sure to have a majority for the army bill in the new reichstag to convene on July 4th. The estimates of the majority vary greatly.

Epworth League Meeting.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 29.—The first international convention of the Epworth League opened at Music Hall to-day. It is composed of representatives from the Methodist Episcopal Church throughout the world, the Methodist Church of Canada, the Methodist Episcopal Church South, and the Wesleyan Methodist Church of England. Among those of national reputation taking part in the deliberations are Bishop W. Wilson, of the Church South, President Bradford P. Raymond, of the Wesleyan University; Hugh Price Hughes, of London; Bishop James Thoburn, of Indiana; Mrs. Jane Bancroft Robinson, of Tennessee; ex-Governor Will Cumback; Chaplain C. C. McCabe; Bishop Henry W. Warren; Bishop Charles H. Fowler, and Hon. L. H. Murray, of Clearfield, Pa. At the opening exercises the address of welcome was delivered by Gov. McKinley on behalf of the state. Fully 10,000 delegates are in the city and more are arriving on every train.

Revolutionary Rumors.

Panama, June 29.—General Gutierriez, a Costa Rican Liberal leader, has arrived here from San Juan del Sur, having been refused permission to land at Punta Arena. In an interview the general predicted an early and successful revolution in Costa Rica against Rodrigues Iglesias' dictatorship. He will go to Nicaragua to-morrow and direct the revolutionary movement from that republic. It is probable that the revolution will first break out in the province of Guanacaste. If successful there the revolutionists will move towards the capital, via Alajuela. Jose Marti has arrived here from New York, and is holding a conference with resident Cuban patriots.

INTO THE SUMP.

Narrow Escape of a Cage Full of Miners—Caledonian Gathering.

Nanaimo, June 29.—When a cage full of miners was about to descend the esplanade shaft yesterday morning one of the receiving rods gave way and fell to the bottom of the shaft. There were four men on the ascending cage at the time, but fortunately the heavy bar went clear of them into the sump. Had it fallen on the ascending cage the result would have been fatal. The men considered they had a lucky escape.

C. H. Barker, who has been managing the Nanaimo office of Yates, Jay & Russell, has purchased the whole interest, and in future will conduct it on his own account.

The licensing court met yesterday afternoon and had to adjourn because Judge Harrison was unable to be present. The constant adjourning of the court is causing considerable inconvenience.

Two Victoria tug-of-war teams have intimated their intention to take part in the contest for $100 to be given at the Caledonian picnic on Saturday. It is expected quite a number of kilted visitors will be present from Victoria. Last year they took nearly all the prizes given for contests in costume.

FOUND FREEDOM

Escape of a Chain-Gang Man—Strong Cricket Team.

New Westminster, June 29.—Findley, a prisoner, escaped from the chain gang yesterday. He was serving 18 months for larceny of goods at Barnett mill. Last night he called at a house in Sapperton for food. His arrest is expected this evening, as he is known to be hiding in the bush beside the Ross-McLaren Mills. The woods are full of specials.

The Victoria Albions have to meet the following strong eleven at the cricket match here Saturday:—Rev. H. Irwin, Rev. P. Woods, H. F. Clinton, E. A. Wyld, J. G. Roberts, E. L. Beer, F. J. Coulthard, G. Raymond, E. M. N. Woods, E. O. Malins, Arthur Malins.

The Steveston mob affair was heard in the district court this morning, the result being that half of those summoned did not appear. Those who did were acquitted. One outcome is that the police have laid two informations for illegal whiskey-selling.

KENNEDY'S CAREER

Reed Island Murderer Known to be an Arrant Coward.

HE STOLE HIS WEAPONS AND WHISKEY

Says the Shooting of Connors Was Purely Accidental.

Brass Dog Arnoldi Must Serve Six Months—The Court So Decides His Appeal for Release—Ill-Treated British Soldiers at Chicago — Prosperous Hudson Bay Company.

Vancouver, June 29.—Further news of the murder at Reed's Island arrived to-day. Kennedy came to White Rock bay on Saturday last with whiskey and champagne. He, with others went hunting on Sunday, and at night W. Cameron and J. Brown slept in one cabin, Hinckley, Kennedy and Connors in another. Hinckley aroused Cameron and Brown, stating that Connors was shot; he was put in Cameron's bed and died before morning. M. Manson was sent for and persuaded Kennedy to make a deposition, promising he would not be arrested. Kennedy deposed that the shooting was accidental, he then took to the woods with four revolvers and three shotguns. Manson took the body to Comox, but on Wednesday night Kennedy took his sloop away. Though he says he will not be taken alive he is known to be a coward, and the wonder is that Manson with seven men should have made terms with him and did not secure the sloop, for without it he could not leave the island. The whiskey and champagne were doubtless stolen from Evans, Coleman & Evans four weeks ago, and the arms from Tisdall's gun shop. Steamer captains report the coast swarming with whiskey smugglers and thieves, so that the loggers' cabins are unsafe, and the Siwashes are kept provided with plenty of liquor.

The city council has put in a tender of $360,000 for the street railway and lighting plant, subject to ratification by the people. This will only pay debentures and floating debts.

The North Vancouver Improvement company offer a site of ten acres to the Columbian Methodist college.

ARNOLDI'S CASE.

The Hero of the Brass Dog Episode Must Serve His Term.

Ottawa, June 29.—John R. Arnoldi, late mechanical engineer of the public works department, will have to serve his full term of imprisonment. The Governor-General has approved of the order-in-council refusing to interfere with the judgment of the court passed by Judge Armour. The sentence was six months' imprisonment. Arnoldi has served nearly three months of his term. The offence for which Arnoldi was sentenced is too well known to the public to require any particulars. His trial was an outcome of the parliamentary investigation of two sessions ago. Some time ago a largely signed petition was sent to the government asking that Arnoldi be released. The whole trial was briefly reviewed in the petition, and on the grounds that the prisoner has suffered greatly in undergoing the trial, as well as his poor health since being put in prison, the petitioners asked that clemency in his case should be exercised. The petition was signed by Senator Clemow, the Ottawa members and other leading citizens.

British Veterans Ill-Treated.

Washington, June 29.—It is understood that instructions have been sent from the British legation to the British consulate at Chicago for a thorough investigation into the circumstances under which two of the British soldiers, until recently appearing in the British military tournament at Tattersal's in that city, were summarily discharged without being possessed of any means of support, and compelled by force of circumstances to become inmates of the Cook county poorhouse. It is understood that the veterans were brought to this country under strict contract regulations, the consent of the authorities of the war office having been necessary to enable them to appear in a foreign country. Should the investigation support the facts that have been cabled to the foreign department, and in response to which the question has been referred to the British ambassador it is probable that funds will be forthcoming for the return of the men to London. How far those concerned in their dismissal can be held responsible cannot be decided until the contract by which the men were given permission to come to this country has been legally interpreted.

Prosperous Hudson Bay Co.

London, June 29.—The Hudson Bay Company announces a dividend of 12 shillings per share as compared with 5 shillings per share last year. The company is also carrying forward a balance of £11,000 more than last year.

Dowagers Snooze on Rotten Row.

One of the signs whereby you can detect that the procession only goes "round and round the mulberry bush" is an occasional light trap of foreign build, say a New Zealand buggy or a Canadian buckboard, which, somewhat shyly, has introduced itself among the orthodox vehicles of Vanity Fair. The Row has a way of eyeing these lighter traps de haut en bas, but it would be better for the Row if a few more of them were to interrupt its endless monotony. The second sign is the sign of the dowager asleep. If facts are worth anything, then it is abundantly clear that some of the elderly ladies take their daily drive in the park not so much to take the air as to take their afternoon nap. And when these dwellers in dreamland sleep with their heads thrown back and their mouths open, the sight is not a pretty one.—Westminster Gazette.

CANADA'S GREATNESS.

Sir Oliver Mowatt Vividly Demonstrates its Sources.

COMPARISON WITH THE UNITED STATES

Who Make a Nation What it Ought to be—Liberal Principles Canada's Salvation—Mackenzie's Splendid Administration.

At the Liberal Convention in Ottawa Sir Oliver Mowat, on his election as chairman, spoke as follows:

There have in times past been important contentions of the Liberals of my own province, and with good results. The present is the first convention of the Liberals of all Canada since Confederation. I hope and believe that good results will come of this convention, also in consolidating the party for its patriotic work and preparing for victory at the next general election. In this work we have comfort in knowing that there are good grounds for hope that, with proper effort on our part, meanwhile, the next general election will place at the head of Canadian federal affairs the distinguished Canadian who is our cherished Dominion leader, whom all men without distinction of party or race admire, whose purity of conduct and purpose all recognize, and who has the well-founded confidence in all respects of the Liberal party. A prospect so hopeful to our country may well animate every one of us to the greatest possible exertion for its realization. The provinces of the Dominion are bound together by a common constitution and a common relation to the empire whose citizens we are; and the representatives of the Liberal party of every province have met to-day to take counsel together as to the best devisable policy for the Liberals of all Canada to pursue as a party in order to the largest practicable prosperity and greatest well-being in all respects of every province of the Dominion, and therein of the Dominion as a whole. Ontario's Liberals are not for Ontario only, are we, my friends? And Quebec Liberals, though they love Quebec much, are not for Quebec only. Is it not so, my brothers of Quebec? The Liberals of the Maritime provinces are not for the Maritime provinces only. Am I not right in saying so, my brothers? The Liberals of Manitoba and British Columbia and our Northwest Territories are not for these provinces and Territories only. Is this not so, my brothers who come from those parts?

Yes, all of us from every province and part of Canada are Canadians; and all of us are bent on doing our best for all Canada. I am glad to know that it is so. There is no earthly object more noble or grander for any people to apply themselves to with profound correctness and hearty zeal than the common good of their country. It is said to be a glorious thing to die for one's country; and Canadians of every province and of every race and creed in it, have repeatedly, and whenever occasion offered, shown their readiness to hazard their lives in defense of their country. Thanks to them all, But if it is a glorious thing to die for one's country, it is also a glorious thing to live for one's country. Not many of us may ever be called on to die for our country; I hope none of us may; but all of us may live for our country when we perform with fidelity our duties as its citizens. We live for our country when we take an active, thoughtful interest in procuring for it good government, and in adopting or supporting a beneficial and just policy in the conduct of its affairs, and, my fellow-Canadians, are not these the objects which have brought us together to-day? It is not the affairs, however interesting and necessary, of a township or a town or a county that we are about to deliberate upon, but the

AFFAIRS OF HALF A CONTINENT

the affairs of a territory as extensive as the United States of America, and many times more extensive than France or Germany or the British Isles. Questions are to occupy the attention of the convention on which the future of half a continent may depend, and not for a year or two only, but for generations.

Our country in the largest sense is the British Empire, whatever the nation may have been to us or to any of our ancestors in the past. To most of us one or other of the British Islands is the fatherland, but loyalty is not confined to these. In Canada all nationalities are on a level, all have received the same consideration from the sovereign and her Imperial advisers and Parliament. Canadians have no complaint to make of injustice at her hands or at theirs. Our grievances are brought on us by the mistakes of Canadians and the wrong-doing of some of them. The result of the Imperial policy and practice towards Canadians is that no line of nationality or of creed or of class distinguishes those amongst us who are attached to the empire from those who are not. Many or perhaps all of even those who look favorably on annexation do not so from hostility towards the empire. They are for annexation because they think that the present and future inhabitants of Canada would be better off economically if citizens of the United States than if they were not, and as against this view of the economical results of annexation they do not appreciate the force of considerations which have weight with the rest of us.

The president of the Continental Union Association has declared himself, and I doubt not honestly declared himself, notwithstanding his annexationism, to be "an Englishman to the core." My desire is in what I say to avoid exciting subjects on which we may not be united, but if on such an occasion as this I should say nothing about annexation or British connection and there should be ascertained to be some annexationist in the convention, my silence would be misconstrued by the enemy and perhaps by others elsewhere as implying that I had found the sentiment of the convention to be against me on these subjects, and that for that reason I had said nothing. Such a notion would cause a sufficient stampede from the Reform ranks as to make our success at the next general election to be out of the general sentiment regarding British connection. I apprehend that a French Canadian Roman Catholic Archbishop recently spoke the sentiments of Canadians, generally, as well as of himself, when in a document for the public he said, "I was born and reared in the British possessions, and my allegiance is to the crown of England. My heart and conscience would repel anything contrary to these obligations. I am a British subject and am happy to live under the glorious flag of the Empire, and I desire that this noble standard continue to fly and give protection to my co-religionists as well as to my other fellow countrymen," etc. The sentences may be read or listened to with satisfaction, whether the drift of the document in other respects is concurred in or not.

It is pleasant to remember here that for nearly 80 years the British Empire has been at peace with all those nations of Europe and America which are represented amongst the Canadian people, and that the war with Russia, the only European war in which the British nation was engaged during those 80 years, the brave soldiers of France, from whom so many of the Canadian people are descended, fought side by side with no less brave Englishmen and Irishmen and Scotchmen against a common foe, and fought successfully. Since the war was over, it is pleasant from the standpoint of humanity to see from time to time this, that as regards the relations between the two nations and that common foe, the enmities of war have passed away. But while our country in the supreme sense is the British Empire, and while we heartily appreciate our status as citizens of that Empire, Canada is our country in another sense, and we love it as our country and our home. It is with pride and with a profound sense of our responsibility as well that we call to mind the greatness of Canada and that we think of the greatness which belongs to its future. It is great now in the extent of its territory, it is great in its resources and it is great in its fitness for maintaining in comfort and prosperity a great population. We like to remember that in territorial extent this Canada of ours is about as large as the great republic south of us, and that if some portions of the territory of that nation have advantages over some portions of ours other portions of ours have advantages over theirs. It gratifies us as Canadians to reflect that while Canada is thus as large a country as the United States it is many times as large as the European territory of any of the great nations of Europe except Russia, and that it has nothing to fear from double the European territory of even Russia.

CANADA'S CHANCES.

The population of Canada is not quite five millions, according to the last census, but it is somewhat greater than the population of the United States was when those States separated from the parent nation, or for years afterwards, and it is well worth knowing and bearing in mind that we are in other important respects far ahead of what that population then was. The world has been moving since with gigantic strides, and Canada has moved with it in spite of all drawbacks. I refer to this because in considering what we should aim at as a Liberal Convention, it is important that we should be alive to what, in view of actual facts, may be reasonably contemplated as our country's future. Let us remember then that when the United States, which has now sixty-three millions of people and great wealth, separated from the parent land and for years afterward the nation had not one city with anything like so large a population or with anything like such developed wealth as many of our Canadian cities have now reached. I have not seen any statistics of any earlier date than 1790. In that year Philadelphia was the largest city of the United States, and it had a population of (in round numbers) about 42,000 only; New York had but 33,000, Boston had but 18,000, and Baltimore had but 13,000, and these four were the only cities which had a population of over 10,000. Now, at this day in Canada, instead of four cities, we have no fewer than 20 cities which by the last census had over 10,000 inhabitants. Our city of Montreal alone has a population twice as large as the aggregate populations of what were the four greatest cities of the United States at the time I have mentioned, and the city of Toronto has a population nearly twice as large. We have three other cities with each of them a larger population, larger than Philadelphia then had, seven cities with a larger population than New York had, nine cities with a larger population than Boston had, and several more with a larger population than that of Baltimore.

Then again, the revenue of their federal government in 1790 was about $4,000,000 only, while ours in the year ending 30th June, 1891, was nearly ten times that figure, or $38,570,311. The greater part of this sum is obtained from customs and excise duties; and the amount so raised is an enormous amount to take from our people, but the fact that year after year so great an amount is obtained from Canadian pockets, however much to be deprecated, illustrates in a striking way the immensely greater wealth of Canada at the present time than the United States had with about a like population, a century ago. Take some further facts. The imports into that country in 1790 amounted to $23,000,000 only. The imports into Canada in the year ending 30th June, 1891, amounted to five times that sum (or $119,967,638). Their exports in 1790 were $20,000,000 only; ours in June, 1891, were nearly six times that amount (or $119,967,638). In 1790 the United States had but 75 postoffices in the entire country, Canada has 800 times that number (about 40,000). They had not a single steamboat; the application of steam to the propulsion of vessels had not been invented; and while they were consequently without a steamboat they had but few sailing vessels. Canada in 1891, had 1348 steamers and 5085 sailing vessels. In fact Canada had in 1891 more sailing vessels and three times more steamboats than even at that date the United States had. Their vessels were larger in the average than ours, but the tonnage owned by their sixty-three millions of people was in 1891 little more than twice the tonnage owned by our five millions of Canadians.

Again, our neighbors had no canals. We have about 80 miles of canals, constructed at a cost of $57,000,000. They had not a mile of railway, and their other roads are described as having been "bad beyond conception," and communication was so limited that one stage a week was sufficient communication between any of the cities. I copy a reliable statement on the subject of their roads from an article in the Encyclopedia Britannica, written by a professor of Princeton College, New Jersey:—"The communication was as bad as could be. The traveller was subject to every danger and annoyance that bad roads, bad carriages, bad horses, bad inns and bad police protection could combine to inflict on him." Many of our Canadian roads might be better than they are, but the average of them is better than the average in the United States at even the present day. While their four millions of population had no railways, our four millions have no less than 14,634 miles of railway. These railways have cost many millions of dollars, (the exact figures I have seen is $816,647,758), and instead of one trip by stage in a week, there are many railway trips every day in the week between some of our cities. Further, telegraphing and telephoning were unknown then. Canada in 1891 had 27,866 miles of telegraph lines and many miles of telephone lines.

I wish that a comparison of our public debt to-day with the debt of the United States at the close of the last century was equally satisfactory from the Canadian standpoint. I observe that the net amount of the debt of Canada in June, 1891, is stated at $237,809,030. The largeness of the amount shows at all events that our credit in the English market has been good, if we cannot truly say that all the money borrowed was well spent or that all the debt was reasonably and properly incurred, if we cannot boast about the amount otherwise.

Let me mention one other significant fact before I drop my comparison. At the period which I am comparing the present condition of Canada with the United States, that nation had not a single bank or a dollar of bank capital, while I observe that Canada had in 1891 a paid up bank capital of nearly $60,000,000 (or more exactly $59,509,765), and the assets of its banks amounted to four times that amount, (or, to speak precisely, $269,491,153). Many other comparisons to the same effect might be stated.

In connection with all these facts, it is also interesting to know that the shortest route for passengers and freight between America and Europe is from or through Canada. Such facts as I have mentioned show in part what

CANADA HAS ACCOMPLISHED

while reaching its population in 1891 of 4,832,679 as compared with the condition of the United States when they had a like population. They show how enormously in all the elements and indications of comfort and prosperity which these facts suggest, our four or five millions of people are (in spite of mistakes) ahead of those four millions that a century ago formed the nucleus of the nation owning the other half of North America, and having now a population of 63,000,000. While we are at peace with them, our having those 63,000,000 of people on our borders to trade with, so far as we do trade with them, is a further advantage in our favor as compared with the Americans of the last century.

Why, in view of all such facts, should not a century do as much for Canada as a century has done for our neighbors? May it not do more? The resources of Canada, for the purposes of agriculture and commerce, are immense and unsurpassed by any competitor. We have probably the finest forests in the world and the richest fisheries; our country abounds in minerals too; we have treasures of coal and iron and copper, and of silver and gold and nickel. Two-thirds of the wheat area of North America are in Canada. We have climate and soil which are specially adapted for raising the best barley, the best horses, and the best cattle in the world, and for producing the best cheese. At the World's Exhibitions of London and Philadelphia and Paris and Chicago, Canada has held its own as respects its principal exhibits in competition with all the nations of the earth.

More important in our favor, however, than all I have mentioned is the acknowledged fact that our climate with all its varieties is specially adapted for developing an active and hardy race of men and women. Canadians who, either in mature life or in early manhood go to the United States, as affording a larger field for their activity, compete successfully there in every walk of life with the natives of that country, who have had like advantages of education and otherwise. There is no future among the nations which such a country as Canada is may not attain, if only her sons, whatever, their origin or their birth, continue true sons of our dear Canada, and pursue, as its citizens, the path of righteousness and patriotism. We admire the energy of our neighbors as a people, and we admire the success that they have accomplished in almost every department of activity to which they have applied themselves. Most, if not all, of us may be against political union with them; but we all respect them as a nation, and esteem very many of their people.

None will infer from my mentioning the facts of which I have been reminding you, that I want you to believe the time to have come when Canada may safely or properly part politically from the Empire of which it forms part, and set up as a wholly separate nation, as under different conditions and circumstances the other British-American colonies did 120 years ago. Nor on the other hand am I at present speaking of Canada's greatness as being a reason against giving up the country and annexing it to the neighboring nation. That subject I have discussed more than once elsewhere. My reason for speaking at present of our country's greatness and of what in spite of obstacles and mistakes it has accomplished hitherto, is that, in view of the object of this immense gathering of representative Liberals from all parts of the Dominion, it is fitting (as I have already suggested) and may be useful at the outset of our deliberations to call to mind the

GREATNESS OF THE COUNTRY,

the affairs of which in the highest earthly sense this grand assembly has come together to confer about. This country belongs to us as Canadians. Its laws are made and administered by Canadians, and its constitution is the constitution which 29 years ago Canadians by their representatives prepared and asked for and got for the asking, as they may get whatever changes in that constitution they from time to time hereafter desire. The whole management and development of this great country are in the hands of the Canadian people, and for its constitution and government and welfare, present and future, the Canadians of the present day are responsible. Let us bear in mind all these facts while we are deliberating on what is in the power and what belongs to the present of the Liberal party.

With such a country as Canada is, and with such promise as it presents, and with such a population as occupies it,

A BY-LAW

Relating to the Building of a Sidewalk on the South Side of Oak Bay Avenue, in the City of Victoria, being a Local Improvement Proposed to be Made by the Corporation of Victoria.

WHEREAS the Corporation of the City of Victoria have by resolution determined to build a sidewalk on the south side of Oak Bay avenue from Cadboro Bay road to the City boundary;

And whereas the building of the said sidewalk is a local improvement;

And whereas under and by virtue of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council of the said Corporation have duly passed the said Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, being a by-law to provide for the assessment of real property benefitted by local improvements;

And whereas, in pursuance of Sections 4 and 5 of the said Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, the City Engineer and Assessor have made their report as thereby required, which report has been submitted to and has been approved and adopted by the said Council;

And whereas it has been ascertained and determined that the real property hereinafter set forth, referred to in schedule "D" in the said report, will be immediately benefitted by such proposed improvement; and whereas the sum of $969.23 is the amount of the costs of the said proposed improvement;

And whereas under and by virtue of Sections 273 and 274 of the Municipal Act, 1892, and of Section 18 of the said Local Improvement By-Law, 1892, the said Council are authorized to proceed with the proposed improvement under such terms and conditions as to the payment of the cost of such improvement as the Council may by by-law in that behalf regulate and determine;

And whereas the said Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria are desirous of passing a by-law for the purposes mentioned;

THERFFORE BE IT ENACTED by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1.—That the said report and plan be adopted, and that the proposed improvement in building a sidewalk along the south side of Oak Bay avenue from Cadboro Bay road to the City boundary, be made and carried out in accordance therewith.

2.—That the real property which is immediately benefitted by the said improvement shall be that which is particularly mentioned and described in Sub-section "D" of the said recited report as therein appears, which is as follows;—

Sub-Section D, showing the proportion in which the assessment is to be made on the various lots benefited:

Lot.	Block.	Feet frontage	Rate per foot	Amount	Remarks
1	1 Fernwood	50½	20c	10 10	Cadboro & Oak bays
1	J Sec.74	48.8	20c	9 73	McGregor & Oak B
2	do	55.4	20c	11 07	do
3	do	55.5	20c	11 08	Terrace & Oak bay
4	J Sec 74	55 6	20c	11 10	do do
5	do	55.4	20c	11 07	do
6	do	55.4	20c	11 07	do
7	H S'c74	65	20c	13 00	do
6	do	65	20c	13 00	do
5	do	60	20c	12 00	do
4	do	60	20c	12 00	do
3	do	60	20c	12 00	do
2	do	60	20c	12 00	do
1	do	60	20c	12 00	Belcher & Oak bay
2 of 1	1 Sec 74	57	20c	11 40	do do
1 of 1	do	57	20c	11 40	do
1 of 2	do	47	20c	9 40	do
2 of 2	do	47	20c	9 40	Cross and Oak Bay
3 of 3	do	47	20c	9 40	do do
4 of 3	do	47	20c	9 40	do
4	do	114	20c	22 80	Richmond & Oak B
1	2 Sec 74	113.5	20c	22 68	do do
1 of 2	do	46.10	20c	9 37	do
2 of 2	do	46.10	20c	9 37	Calder & Oak Bay
13—3	do	46.10	20c	9 37	do do
14—3	do	46.10	20c	9 37	do
4	do	114	20c	22 80	Clare and Oak Bay
1	3 Sec 74	59.11	20c	12 00	Clare and Oak Bay
2	do	59.11	20c	12 00	do
13	do	59.11	20c	12 00	do
14	do	59.11	20c	12 00	Wilson and Oak B
25	do	59.11	20c	12 00	do do
26	do	59.11	20c	12 00	do
37	do	59.11	20c	12 00	do
38	do	59.11	20c	12 00	Davie and Oak Bay
1	5 Sec 74	60	20c	12 00	do do
2	do	60	20c	12 00	do
24	do	60	20c	12 00	do
23	do	60	20c	12 00	Hulton and Oak B.
26	do	60	20c	12 00	do do
25	do	60	20c	12 00	do
48	do	60	20c	12 00	do
47	do	60	20c	12 00	Amphion and O B.
49	do	60	20c	12 00	do do
50	do	80.9	20c	16 15	
2	1 Fernwood	80½	20c	16 10	Foul Bay and O. B. Cadboro B and O.B
31	do	60	20c	12 00	do
30	do	50	20c	10 00	do
29	do	50	20c	10 00	do
28	do	50	20c	10 00	do
27	do	50	20c	10 00	Morrison and O. B.
22	do	60	20c	12 00	do do
19	2 Fernwood	67½	20c	13 50	Belcher and Oak B
20	do	67½	20c	13 50	do do
21	3 Fernwood	67½	20c	13 50	Jubilee and Oak B
22	do	67½	20c	13 50	do do
16	4-5 F'nwood	67½	20c	13 50	Richmond and O B
34	do	67½	20c	13 50	do do
53	do	67½	20c	13 50	Bank st and Oak B
75	do	67½	20c	13 50	do do
	6 Fernwood	330	20c	66 00	do
	Part 7, F'wood	135	20c	27 00	Dudley & Oak Bay
14—3	7-9 F'nwood	67½	20c	13 50	do do
13—3	do	67½	20c	13 50	do
12—3	do	56½	20c	11 30	do
11—3	do	56½	20c	11 30	Hulton & Oak Bay
14—2	do	56½	20c	11 30	do do
13—2	do	56½	20c	11 30	do
12—2	do	56½	20c	11 30	do
11—2	do	56½	20c	11 30	Amphion & Oak B
14—1	do	57½	20c	11 45	do do
13—1	do	57½	20c	11 45	do
12—1	do	57½	20c	11 45	do
11—1	do	57½	20c	11 45	Foul Bay & Oak B
Total cost				$969 23	

3.—That the shares and proportions in which the estimated cost of making the said proposed improvement shall be assessed on the various portions of the real property benefitted thereby as mentioned and set out in the said Sub-section "D" of the said report, and the said real property and portions of real property therein mentioned are thereby assessed accordingly with the payment of the said amount set opposite each said portion of real property in the said Sub-section "D" mentioned.

4.—The amount of the said special rate assessed as aforesaid against each lot or part of lot respectively shall be levied and collected and be paid on or before the 3rd day of July, 1893, and in default thereof shall bear interest from and after such date at the rate of six per cent. per annum until paid, and may be recovered together with all costs in that behalf forthwith after default by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person liable for such rate or by sale of the whole or a part of the real property so charged, but in the event of any sale of real property or any part thereof 10 days' notice thereof published daily in one newspaper circulating in the municipality shall be given.

5.—This By-Law may be cited as "The Oak Bay Avenue Improvement Assessment By-Law, 1893."

[Passed] the Municipal Council the fifteenth day of May, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the first day of June, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the first day of June, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Stations	North Bound (Read Down): No. 2 Passenger Daily	No. 4 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays	Miles from Victoria	South Bound (Read Up): No. 1 Passenger Daily	No. 3 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays	Miles from Wellington
Victoria	De. 8:00 A M	De. 3:04 P M		Ar. 12:24 P M	Ar. 8:00 P M	78
Russell's	8:04	3:08	1	12:20	7:56	77
Esquimalt	8:14	3:16	4	12:10	7:48	74
Goldstream	8:39	3:36	11	11:45 A M	7:28	67
Summit Siding	9:14	4:05	20	11:10	6:50	58
Shawnigan Lake	9:35	4:27	26	10:50	6:37	52
Cobble Hill	9:41	4:37	31	10:40	6:27	47
McPherson's	9:57	4:49	35	10:27	6:15	43
Koksilah	10:07	4:59	38	10:17	6:05	40
Duncan's	10:12	5:04	40	10:12	6:00	38
Somenos	10:28	5:12	43	10:02	5:52	35
Chemainus	10:48	5:32	48	9:36	5:32	30
Oyster Bay Sid'g	11:09	5:40	59	9:15	5:15	19
Nanaimo	Ar. 11:50 / De. 11:59	6:22	73	De 8:34 / Ar 8:25	4:42	6
Wellington	Ar. 12:14 P M	Ar 6:34	78	De 8:10	De. 4:30	

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 20,

Taking effect June 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock a.m.

Vanvouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

Notice of Removal.

DR. GARROW has removed his office to Room 1, Moody Block. Residence, 21 Queen's Avenue. m19-tf

NOTICE.

In Pound, June 19th, one bay horse, white streak on face, blotched brand on left shoulder, white hind foot. Will be sold at auction at City Pound, Wednesday, July 5th, at 12 o'clock noon, if not redeemed and pound charges paid on or before that date.

ANDREW SHAW, Poundkeeper.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Tickets to and from Europe via. CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to

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Your Name..........

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Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MYSTERY OF COLDE FELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

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(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received, several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing novels will be filed pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES, Victoria, B. C.

Patrolman Julius Zeidler

Of the Brooklyn, N. Y., Police Force, gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. His wife takes it for dizziness and indigestion and it works charmingly. "The children also take it with great benefit. It is without doubt a most excellent thing for **That Tired Feeling.** I cheerfully recommend

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and Hood's Pills to every one who wishes to have health and comfort." Get HOOD'S.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, and sick headache.

AUCTION SALES.

MORTGAGEE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which shall be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, H. Cuthbert & Company, Auctioneers, at their sales room, Broad Street, in the City of Victoria, B.C., on

Friday, 7th July, 1893, at 11 a. m.,

The following property, viz:

All those parcels or lots of land situate in Metchosin District, Province of British Columbia, containing altogether, 667 acres, more or less, and known as and numbered on the official map of said

Metchosin District, Sections 29, 30, 40, 41 & 42;

Also all those parcels or lots of land situate in Lake District, Province of British Columbia, containing 92½ acres, more or less, and known as and numbered on the official map of said

Lake District, Sections 2 and 101.

For further particulars apply to C. E. Pooley, of 47 Langley Street, Victoria, B.C., Mortgagee's Solicitor, or to

HERBERT CUTHBERT,
Auctioneer.

ju23-12t

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS.

Tenders for the privilege of supplying refreshments at the B. C. Agricultural Association's Exhibition, to be held from August 1st to August 12th, will be received by the Secretary up to July 1st. Conditions on application.

W. H. BAINBRIDGE, Secretary,
44 Government St.

ju20-eod

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Tickets for passage to or from Great Britain and Europe issued at LOWEST RATES. Berths reserved by telegraph without extra charge.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
AGENTS,
Cunard, Inman and White Star Steamship Lines

NOTICE

The partnership heretofore existing between John Coigdarripe and Luke Pither, carrying on business on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Boucherat & Co., wine and spirit merchants, was dissolved on the 1st day of April last by mutual consent, Max Leiser having purchased the interest of John Coigdarripe in the said firm.

The business of the firm will be continued by Messrs. Luke Pither and Max Leiser, upon the same premises under the firm name of Pither & Leiser, successors to Boucherat & Co., and they have assumed all the liabilities of the old firm.

Dated this 14th day of June, 1893.

J. COIGDARRIPE.
LUKE PITHER.
MAX LEISER.

Witness:—
GEORGE JAY, Jr.

je14-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre, half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 52 Third street Victor

m29-tf

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Walla Walla - - - July 3
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itchin and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tts&w

A luxury of luxuries-Tamilkande Tea

Tamilkande reminds you of the tea of thirty years ago.

and with such a history as belongs to it, why has there been so much depression in it of late years, and why is there still so much among important sections of the people? Why has there been, and why does there continue to be, such an exodus of the population of all the old provinces, others not coming from outside to take the places of those who go? Liberals think that they see and know some of the principal causes, and that they are removable causes, and we have come together to confer on their removal. For this purpose matters of organization are of essential importance to our success and will receive your earnest attention, but since we have come together our plan of campaign must, I suppose, embrace also some formal statement and declaration of principles and contemplated measures. What shall it be? So far as I know the Liberal party of Canada have been pretty generally agreed as to the principal matters which in the interest of the people of this great country most need present attention. In addition to those there are other great questions which are exciting the interest of large sections of our people and may be brought before us to-day. Some at least of these questions it would be impossible for us to unite upon, either affirmatively or negatively, and they must be open questions, or union and success are impossible. The party must be content with a platform which meanwhile leaves such questions out, or the party can carry nothing, or get from the electorate the position which would enable them to carry anything. I do not say this is so with every important question not hitherto embraced on the platform of the Liberal party. Those matters which our honored leaders and representatives in Dominion affairs and our public journals have for some years been pressing on public attention with ability and perseverance have been so well chosen that they are now being recognized as just and right and in the country's interests, not by the Liberals only, but also many who are not of the Liberal party. I hope that we shall secure these at all events. Foremost of them are a

REFORMED TARIFF

and reciprocity of trade with our neighbors, if we can obtain such reciprocity on fair and honorable terms. This there is reason to believe a Liberal government could do. Reciprocity restricted to the natural products of the two countries is unattainable; but our neighbors know that Liberals are willing and have always been willing that the reciprocity should not be restricted to the natural products of the two countries, but should include such manufactures also as may be agreed upon. Liberals believe such an arrangement to be practicable, unless our neighbors should be misled into supposing the majority of Canadians want reciprocity so badly that they will consent to any terms, and even to annexation, rather than not to have it. It is not correct that Canadians in general are prepared to buy reciprocity at the price of annexation, or at any other price which may appear to them to be exacting, or may be otherwise distasteful, but Liberals in general believe that a fair measure of reciprocity, not restricted to natural products, would be an advantage, not to Canada alone, but to both countries. They believe that it is quite practicable to convince statesmen of this—the statesmen of the United States as well as those of Canada, and that many of them are already convinced of it. Some anxious loyalists fear that more intimate trade relations with the United States would lead to political union, and they on that account oppose reciprocity. An opposite view is taken by some United States statesmen and public journalists, who argue that reciprocity would delay or wholly prevent political union, and they are for that reason against reciprocity and are endeavoring to prejudice their fellow-citizens against it. On the other hand those Canadian loyalists who, like most of us here, favor reciprocity, believe and hope that it would have no effect either way on any question of political union, and having this hope and faith we do not think it consistent with duty or patriotism to refuse acceptance of such a measure if attainable.

On many other subjects of prime importance to the country the Dominion Liberals are also agreed. We are agreed as to the iniquity of the wastefulness which there has been in the management of federal affairs during the last fifteen years, and which is likely to continue as long as the present government continues. We therefore do not want that government to continue.

We are agreed as to the duty and importance of conducting the business of the federal government on business principles, which for party objects the federal government has in so many ways disregarded to the injury of the country and the demoralization alike of members of parliament, of contractors for public works and of officers of the government. We want to save our country from any further such injury.

We are agreed as to the iniquity of such gerrymandering of the constituencies and as to the iniquity and inconvenience of such a franchise act as a disgrace to the statute book of the Dominion. We want to have respectable and just measures substituted for these.

We are agreed as to the necessity of a fundamental reformation of the Senate, if for any reason a Senate must be and should be retained. The Senate, as now constituted, is the weakest point in our constitution. All Liberals, or nearly all, want to have a

REFORM IN THE SENATE.

We are agreed as to various other matters. If the policy of the Liberal party on the subjects named, and other subjects, has not got for it the votes of the members who were elected as Conservatives, it is quite certain that that policy has at all events the actual approval of some of them, and has gained and is gaining the favor of many Conservatives in the constituencies. Multitudes are in favor of trade reform who were not in its favor until recently. Many are against the waste of public money which has been going on in the Dominion. Many acknowledge the indefensibility of the gerrymander act; disapprove strongly of the franchise act, and admit that the Senate needs reform in some such direction as is claimed by the Liberal party. These opinions of old opponents in the constituencies cannot but tell at the next general election, if Liberals are but active and diligent and prudent (as I am sure they will be) in the Liberal campaign.

In connection with the Liberal platform, one thing I am certain of is that we are all alive to the importance of party unity and to the applicability of the old maxim to our case that "united we stand; divided we fall." Even united the Liberal party has not been able in fifteen years to dislodge the protection party from power, notwithstanding all their misdeeds. That party adopted the policy of protection as the principal plank in their platform in the general election of 1878. The general depression at that time in Canada in common with the rest of the world unfortunately disposed our people to try almost any political experiment from which there was a chance of relief, and the policy of protection proved a fortunate piece of party tactics for the litical party who adopted it, however disastrous to the best interests of the country in the long run. But the end appears now to have come. Our neighbors south of us have just dislodged their protection party, and there is every prospect of our having a like success at our next general election. But for this purpose the Liberal party must be united. We must endeavor to retain present parties and go on adding to the number from without. This convention must be asked to consider whether for this purpose the Liberal party should confine itself for the present to its present platform, which we all agree to be in the main a good platform as far as it goes, and whether, therefore the convention should recommend it without any change or whether some modification should be made in regard to any of its planks or whether there should be added some new planks. All such proposals are to be weighed from every standpoint. On the one hand, important beneficial improvements are not to be hastily rejected, and on the other hand we can none of us forget the danger of swapping horses while crossing a river. We are now in the river. We want to get to the other bank. We have a fair prospect of getting there as we are, and it might perhaps be serious for us to swap horses while on our way. But this is for the convention to consider and determine. We all hope that the general election will result in the formation of a Liberal administration under the premiership of our distinguished chief. This administration will have the opportunity of crystalizing into the law and into the constitution and into the executive action the respective matters which so far Liberals have agreed about and have contended for as a party. In doing that work first, if for the present we can do no more, a grand work will have been done towards promoting the

PROSPERITY OF OUR COUNTRY

and securing its future well-being. Further reforms in all directions may follow.

I hope, and from what I know or have learned of those who compose this convention, I not only hope but I expect, that in considering the subjects which may be brought before you the convention will prove itself a model convention of earnest and thoughtful Liberals, that many will go home from the convention with their political faith strengthened and their political zeal quickened, that we may all be stronger Liberals and sounder and more hopeful Canadians for having been here and shall be more united politically than ever before, and that after the next general election it may be truly said by the whole country that it was at the Liberal convention at Ottawa in June, 1893, that protection, and bad government, and consequent political unrest among our people received their death blow. It is fifteen years since Canadians, for the sake of the protection experiment, withdrew their support from the best of governments, under the premiership of an excellent man, an able statesman, a noble patriot, and a pure politician, the universally lamented Alexander Mackenzie. As Canadians, lovers of Canada, and desiring for it the best possible fortune we could not wish for our country to-day anything better than a government of another fifteen years and more like that of Mr. Mackenzie, or than we know a government would be if under the premiership of our distinguished and esteemed Dominion chief with some of his able coadjutors in the two houses of parliament as his colleagues. Our country needs such a government. May its accession to office be soon, and may its tenure of office be long. (Loud and long-continued applause.)

Married Beneath Him.

New York, June 28.—Frederick G. Van Pelt, who died in San Francisco last night from taking 38 ounces of chloroform, was the son of Gilbert S. Van Pelt, a retired lawyer, who lives in East 69th street in this city. Mr. Van Pelt to-day said:—"I feel positive that my son did not commit suicide. He used chloroform, and has done so for years, but we were not aware of the fact until about a year ago. Where he contracted the habit I do not know. Eight years ago he was in the insurance business in this city, but not being satisfied with a business life he enlisted in the army as a private. He rose to the rank of sergeant-major, and could have become a commissioned officer had his service run out at the time he was prepared to take the examination. Three years ago he went to San Francisco to engage in business. While there he made the mistake which probably caused him to indulge in the drug which caused his death. He married far beneath his station, and has not been happy since. We had not seen him for seven years and had not heard from him for months. About three weeks ago we were surprised to have him walk into the house in the evening and inform us that he wanted our assistance to help him to gain a divorce from his wife. After a stay of a few days, he went back to the west, since which we have assisted him financially in his divorce suit. I have had one letter from him since his departure, which he wrote in a very happy vein, and assuring us that everything was going satisfactorily." Young Mr. Van Pelt's body has been sent for, and will be buried in the family lot at Woodlawn.

To Enforce Geary's Act.

Washington, June 28.—Enquiry at the Treasury Department discloses the fact that about $15,000 remain for the enforcement of the several Chinese acts on July 1st. The new appropriation for the carrying out of the Chinese exclusion acts, including the Geary law, on July 1st, will be $65,000. As announced by Secretary Carlisle, the policy of the administration will be, in view of the lack of funds, to rid the country of all Chinese who have entered unlawfully in violation of existing laws, before endeavoring to send out Chinese who came in lawfully, but are now under the ban of the Geary law, because they failed to comply with the requirements of registration, etc.

HOME RULE.

Mr. Gladstone Ironically Imparts Information to Mr. Balfour.

London, June 28.—The galleries of the House of Commons were packed with people to-day, their presence being due to the expectation that Mr. Gladstone would make a statement in regard to the course the government had decided to follow with reference to the Home Rule bill. When Mr. Gladstone entered the house almost perfect silence prevailed, but before the prime minister had reached his seat a storm of cheers, repeated again and again, greeted him.

Shortly after Mr. Gladstone had taken his seat Mr. John W. Benn, Liberal member for the Wapping district of Tower Hamlets, and Mr. Samuel Woods, Labor member for southwest Lancashire, asked questions, prior notice of which had been given to the house, in relation to the closing of the discussion on the Home Rule bill.

Mr. Gladstone, in reply, briefly announced that to-morrow he would move the adoption of a resolution calling upon the house to expedite the passage of the bill. This announcement was greeted with cheers by the supporters of the government. Mr. Gladstone added that the terms of the resolution were nearly prepared, and he hoped to communicate it to the house during the day.

Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, leader of the opposition in the house, asked that the terms of the resolution be communicated to the opposition leaders before they were publicly stated in the house.

With subtle irony Mr. Gladstone informed Mr. Balfour that the resolution was based on the proposal made by the Conservatives by which the Crimes act was rushed through parliament in 1887.

This evoked hearty laughter and a hurricane of cheers from the Irish benches. Mr. Balfour was not at all put out by the answer he had received, or if he was he did not show it, and as Mr. Gladstone resumed his seat Mr. Balfour smilingly bowed toward him. When the prime minister was rescated his elated supporters rushed into the lobbies, where they discussed the government's plan. The Irish members are jubilant. The consensus of opinion is that some such action could not with safety be delayed. If this action had not been taken there would have been open revolt instead of mutterings in the Irish ranks against the government.

A Scape Goat Found.

London, June 28.—Captain Bourke, senior officer among the survivors of the warship Victoria, will be tried by a special naval board, sitting at Malta, for having lost the vessel. Further proceedings will depend upon the event of this trial. No steps will be taken in the matter of court-martialling Rear-Admiral Markham and the officers of the Camperdown until after the end of Captain Bourke's case.

Lawyer's Fees.

New York, June 28.—An attachment has been obtained in this city for Herbert L. Harding, a Boston lawyer, against Annie C. Severance, of Los Angeles, for $10,000 for professional services in connection with the will of the late Mrs. Mary F. H. Searles, wife of Edward H. Searles, and widow of Mark H. Hopkins, the California millionaire. Mr. Harding claims that he was retained by Mrs. Severance and was instrumental in securing at Salem, Mass., her share of the estate, which amounted to $250,000. The attachment was served on the Merchants National Bank, where it was said Mrs. Severance had her bonds.

Some Moustache History.

"What is the history of the moustache? In Greece and Rome no moustaches were worn without beards, but in the conquering days of the Roman Empire several half civilized races, who had come partially under the influence of the Romans, and who wished to be rid of the name of barbari, or wearers of beards, attempted to shave in imitation of their conquerors; but as they had very imperfect implements for the purpose, and as the upper lip is notoriously the hardest part of the face to shave in the case of anyone poorly skilled in the art, they were unable to make a clean job of it, and left a quantity of hair on the upper lip. This mark was characteristic of several nations on the confines of Roman civilization; of the Gauls in particular, of the Dacians and some others. See the Roman statue of the dying Gaul in the museum of fine arts—perhaps the only classical representation of a moustache to be found in that institution. The Latin language has no word for moustache. This barbarous accident was unworthy of the honor of a Roman name.

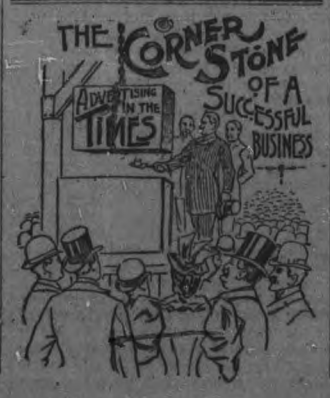
Suffering Children.

Nothing is more piteous than the writhings of a child who is sick and unable to locate its pain. In most cases children suffer from disordered stomachs—or at least troubles of that kind are most common—and if not treated in time often results in death. Twenty drops of Perry Davis' Pain Killer will alleviate the most painful and obstinate case of chronic diarrhoea or summer complaint in the world, and no nurse can feel safe without having a bottle of the medicine at her elbow. All respectable druggists sell the Pain Killer at 25c. for the Big New Size.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tts&w

Mason's patent reliable Fruit Jars and Jellies in all sizes at Weiler Bros. *



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Northern Pacific
RAILROAD
Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

Itruns Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (a change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed.
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
ELEGANT DAY COACHES.

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of the Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED		Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
18 knots		S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1117
8 00 am	Lv	MI	*Tacoma	110	Ar 5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	Seattle	82	Lv 3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv 11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	Victoria	MI	Lv 8 30 pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	MI			A
11 00 pm	Lv	28	*Seattle	58	Ar 6 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	Port Madison	47	Lv 2 10 pm
	Lv	45	Kingston	41	Lv
3 00 am	Lv	49	Port Gamble	21	Lv 11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	Port Ludlow	13	Lv 10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	85	Pt. Townsend	MI	Lv 8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‖ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria B. C

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent,
121 First Washington, Portland Or

QUICK TIME TO
SAN FRANCISCO
AND
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt Shasta Route of the
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The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

TEOS A. GRAHAM
Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block
E. P. ROGERS Tacoma, Wash.
Asst. Gen. Pass. and Pass. Agt.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER
JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 8 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, 42 Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, July 5, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Mariposa.....THURSDAY, July 20th, 1893 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

no2

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

China, Japan and Australian Steamship Line.

STEAMSHIP "MIOWERA"

(3500 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, June 14th, 1893.

STEAMSHIP "WARRINOO"

(3500 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, July 14th, and regular monthly sailings hereafter.

CHINA AND JAPAN LINE.

Empress of Japan leaves Vancouver, June 26
" India " " July 17
" China " " Aug. 7
" Japan " " Aug. 28

(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

For rates of passage and further information apply to

ALLAN CAMERON,
C.P.R. Agent, Government Street.
GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass Agent, Vancouver.

We beg to inform Victorians that we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and spacious premises **37 FORT ST.,** 5 doors above our old stand, where you can find the

ONLY OPTICIANS

Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses.

Who make a specialty of grinding compli cated glasses and repairs of all kinds.

Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada.

Note the Change of Address:

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
(Successors to Hyam)
37 FORT STREET.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street Victoria.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

INCORPORATED 1890.

The Third Annual Meeting of the donors and subscribers to the Institution will be held at the City Hall, on Friday, the 30th day of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

BUSINESS—Receiving the Annual Report of the President and Directors, and the Treasurer's Statement for the year ending 1st June; likewise the election of six Directors.

In accordance with the Act of Incorporation, the six remaining First Directors, representing the subscribers and donors, retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

H. M. YATES,
Secretary,
Care Yates & Jay, Bastion St.

Victoria, B.C., 13th June, 1893. td

Municipal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor in regard to the grading of and laying sidewalks upon Stanley Avenue, between Fort Street and Mr. Andean's property, and Montrose Avenue, between Blackwood and Jones Streets, Showing the proportion in which the assessment is proposed to be made on the various portions of the real property benefited by the said improvements respectively, in accordance with the "Local Improvement By-Law," are now open for inspection at the Office of the City Assessor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., March 30th, 1893.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 13th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

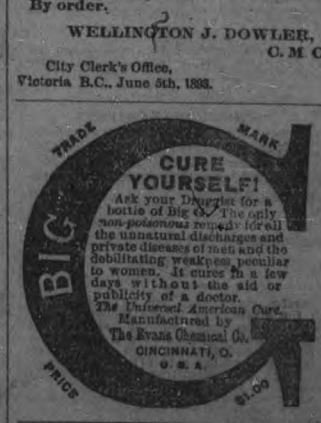
In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., June 5th, 1893.



Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 19 Blanchard, corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flummerfelt, Gorge Road.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry District. p11-tf-d-w

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m31-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ¼ mile from Saanich Arm, 57 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

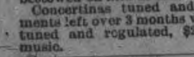
ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER, ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
Mr. W. C. Windebank, Pianoforte Tuner,
Has removed from 85 to 79 Fort Street, where he hopes to receive the patronage so liberally bestowed on him at his former residence.
Concertinas tuned and repaired. Instruments left over 3 months will be sold. Pianos tuned and regulated, $2. Lessons in vocal music. ju6-1m



BANJO AND GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS
By Chicago's popular banjo player and guitarist, PROF. T. W. REAMER. Rare chance for beginners and advanced pupils. Room 73, Five Sisters Block. (Take elevator). Can be engaged for first-class entertainments only. m10 tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 134. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. e22-1y

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 5 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY, Scribe E. 1-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFEBONER, K. of R. & S. o319

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. C SMITH Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. MARY MACNEILL.
Diseases of women and children. Office: 90 Douglas Street. ju21 3m

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist.
Toothache cured at once without pain for 50 cents. Daily at his residence, No. 56 Pandora Street. City Agents—: Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson St.; C. E. Jones, Druggist, 86 Government Street; R.J. Atwood, Druggist, Douglas Street.

PIANOS TUNED.
JAMES SHERIDAN,
Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired.
Address—Room 3, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson Streets.

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L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

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Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE,
137 Cormorant Street.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that we have deposited with the Minister of Public Works plan of a wharf upon our property situated at Telegraph Bay, together with a description of the site; and that we have also deposited duplicates of the said plan and description with the Registrar-General for the Province of British Columbia. Notice is further given that, one month after date, we shall apply to the Governor-in-Council for his approval of the said plans.
R. P. RITHET & CO. (Ltd.)
Victoria, May 30th, 1893. my31-1m

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
93½ Douglas Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

All Aboard!

The Methodist Sunday Schools of this City will hold their
ANNUAL PICNIC
In Porter's Field, LANGFORD PLAINS, on—
DOMINION DAY, JULY 1st.

First train leaves at 8.15 a.m.
A splendid programme of Athletic Sports has been arranged for the occasion.
TICKETS—For adults 75c, Children 40c.

SOCIAL DANCE
AT VICTORIA GARDENS,
Thursday Evening

Of each week during the Summer. Admission, Gentlemen 25c., Ladies free. Music by the Brown-Richardson Orchestra. ju19-1m

First Annual Picnic, Sons of Erin Dominion Day

July 1st, 1893.

Benefit B. C. Benevolent Society.

The Sons of Erin Society will hold their first Annual Picnic at the CALEDONIA PARK on Dominion Day. A good programme of SPORTS will be carried on during the afternoon. A band will be in attendance. Dancing on spacious platform during afternoon and evening.

ADMISSION, Fifty Cents.
Ladies, Twenty-Five Cents.
Children, under Ten years, Free.

The St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society
Will hold their

ANNUAL GATHERING

—AT—

CALEDONIAN PARK, BEACON HILL,

—ON—

Tuesday, 4th July.

The programme will consist of the Caledonian Games of Auld Scotia, the latest amusing novelty races, races for amateurs only, for which handsome Gold and Silver Medals are offered; and a grand tug-of-war.

In the evening Dancing on the spacious platform will take place. The platform will be greatly improved and the best of music furnished.

The Grounds will be splendidly decorated, and during the evening illuminated. Refreshments can be had on the grounds.

Programmes of Sports, etc., will be published in a few days. Every lady on entering the Grounds will receive a ticket for the grand Tombola, to be drawn for after the conclusion of the sports, the prizes for which will be on exhibition in the window of T. N. Hibben & Co., Government Street.

Admission, 50c. Children under 12, 25c.

EDWIN C. SMITH, Secretary.
je19-td

CHOICE ROSES

In bloom
Of the Very Best Varieties.

ORDERS TAKEN NOW FOR FALL DELIVERY

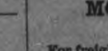
A. OHLSON,
Oakland Nursery,
P.O. Box 559. VICTORIA, B. C.

Cut Roses at 146 Government St.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

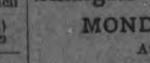
C. P. N. Co., Ld., STEAMER



MAUDE
CAPT. GOSSE,
Will leave from C.P.N. Co.'s wharf
—FOR—
Alberni & Barclay Sound Ports
MONDAY, JULY 3rd,
At 6 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf Street.
The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
Ju27-td

C.P.N. CO. LD.
Steamer



Princess Louise
ROBERTS, MASTER,
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf
—FOR—
Skidegate and Way Ports
MONDAY, JULY 3rd,
At 6 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage apply at office of company, Wharf street.
The company reserve the right to change this time table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
ju27-td

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week .... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

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Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

The Daily Times.

COL. BAKER ABROAD.

Mr. Labouchere has been receiving instruction from various sources in regard to British Columbian affairs. In the number of Truth that came to hand two weeks ago there appeared a brief comment, which was reproduced by the Times. That comment attracted the attention of two gentlemen more or less acquainted with this province, and their efforts to further enlighten Mr. Labouchere have resulted in the appearance of the following remarks in Truth's issue of June 15:—

I have been favored with a good many communications on the relations of Vancouver Island to the rest of British Columbia, which were referred to in Truth of the 1st inst. Among other things, I have had the honor of an interview with Colonel James Baker, Provincial Secretary and Minister of Education in the Columbian ministry. Speaking on behalf of the Government, Colonel Baker categorically denies the statement that it is proposed to guarantee any issue of the proposed British Pacific Railway. He also strongly repudiates the suggestion that in the proposed Parliament buildings at Victoria, or in any other way, the Government are incurring liabilities for the benefit of the "the Island" which will fall unfairly on "the Mainland." If Colonel Baker is to be believed, all these statements, as well as the talk of a division of the province, have no other foundation than party animosity and the evil designs of land-jobbers who have speculated heavily on the prospect of Vancouver becoming the seat of government.

Other authorities, however, take a very different view. For instance, Mr. A. Maitland Stenhouse, who, although a former member of the Legislature, is hardly now involved in Columbian politics, writes to me as follows from Edinburgh:—

"Dear Truth.—Your animadversion (v. this week's Truth, p. 1186) on the financial methods of the ruling party in British Columbia is not without justification. I was once a member of the Parliament of that province, and while there I saw things which I hope never to see again. There are no party lines in the English sense—only the "Ins" and the "Outs." The present "Ins" (Ministerialists) have kept themselves in power for an unbroken period of eleven years, by means of a very clever scheme of electoral corruption, such as is happily unknown to the greenhorns of English politics. They have become the largest employers of labor in the province, and have large numbers of voters employed on public works of all sorts in a majority of the constituency. Thus, bribery and intimidation in their most insidious form prevail everywhere. The public revenue and borrowed moneys are all applied primarily with this object. Of course, the works are not always useless, and they are projected ostensibly for the development of the country. Still, the Government is the paymaster, and for the last decade it has been uniformly recognized that constituencies represented by "Outs" (Oppositionists) are not entitled to the blessings of public works and lavish pay."

That it is mainly a question between the "Ins" and "Outs" even Colonel Baker admits. I have enough to do with the differences between the "Ins" and "Outs" in this country without entering into the conflicts of rival parties in Columbia, even if there were any prospect of my getting from this distance at the merits of their differences. As a general rule, however, I am on the side of the Opposition, wherever it is to be found. In British Columbia, it is evident that the "Ins" have had an unduly long innings, and whether or not their innings has been prolonged by the methods Mr. Stenhouse suggests (which is to my mind extremely probable), a change of sides between the two parties must be by this time highly desirable. The drift of events seems to be carrying Vancouver ahead of Victoria, and I fully appreciate the objections of inhabitants of the former to any expenditure of public money designed for the purpose of permanently rooting the seat of government at the latter place at the expense of its rival. As to the guarantee of the new railway, experience teaches me that smoke in these cases commonly indicates the presence of fire, though it occasionally happens that on the smoke showing itself the fire is suppressed. From recent Columbian newspapers I gather that the petition of the Mainlanders referred to in my last article has been very extensively signed, and it ought to receive full attention from Lord Aberdeen and the Dominion Government.

It is hardly necessary to point out to readers of the Times which of Mr. Labouchere's ideas are right and which are wrong. We can hardly expect that much good or harm will be done the province by their correctness or incorrectness. It is certain that British Columbia will suffer no injury from being brought to the notice of the British public, even if through the medium of our little differences. Of much greater interest to the people of the province is Col. Baker's peculiar explanation of the opposition to the new government buildings. When a member of the Government indulges in such deliberate misrepresentation it is not surprising that people abroad should receive some erroneous impressions. It would be interesting to know whence Mr. Labouchere derived his mistaken motion that Vancouver is being carried ahead of Victoria; that at least could not have been inspired by Col. Baker. It is also rather amusing to find Mr. Labouchere insisting on the interference of Lord Aberdeen and the Ottawa Government, which shows that he has a very poor appreciation of the extent to which home rule is enjoyed in Canada.

MAYOR BEAVEN AND THE CHINESE.

One of the gentlemen interviewed by the Times on the exclusion of the Chinese labor insinuated that Mayor Beaven employed a Chinese cook. Of course all those who know anything of Mr. Beaven and his record know that the insinuation was both baseless and absurd, but some people who do not know the Mayor so well have been misled by it. Therefore it is only just that Mr. Elford's implied statement should be contradicted. Mayor Beaven certainly does not employ a Chinese cook, and further, he does not in any of his private transactions display any inconsistency with the stand which he takes in public on the Chinese question.

The Ottawa Journal, an independent newspaper with Conservative leanings, sums up the Liberal Convention in this way:

Mr. Laurier in his speech last evening to the Liberal Convention made clear the issue between his party and the Conservatives. He said that he and the Liberals aimed at free trade, and will strain every nerve to reach it. Circumstances will at the best prevent any sudden departure towards free trade. The scale which Dominion expenditure has reached forbids any but a gradual reduction of the tariff. But the Liberals, Mr. Laurier declared will, if the people give them power, attempt at once the utmost tariff reduction consistent with the maintenance of government, and continue their efforts at reduction until if possible free trade is reached. The Conservative policy, on the other hand, as defined by the Cabinet ministers in recent speeches, is to maintain the principle of protection, reforming the tariff in such directions as may modify and equalize the taxation. This is the clearest issue before the people since 1878.

The Montreal Star, which supports the "principle of protection," but urgently calls for tariff reform, says:

The government, as we said, have the first "move;" but it carries responsibilities as well as opportunities. The position of the Liberal party, having freed itself from the incubus of Unrestricted Reciprocity, will render the tariff reformers more resolute in their demands. Tariff reform on protective lines is a winning card held only by the government; but it must be Tariff Reform.

The Montreal Gazette, though usually accurate in statements of fact, fell into a curious blunder when it said: "At the other extreme of the Dominion we see Vancouver Island seeking a restoration of its former independence after more than a quarter of a century of union with the mainland." Surely the Gazette was attempting to put the boot on the wrong foot.

The Dominion government threatens to enforce the fishery regulations on the Fraser river this season, notwithstanding the petitions offered in favor of their abrogation. "Enforcement," like a good many other terms, seems susceptible of various interpretations at Ottawa.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND SISTERHOODS.

To the Editor: As many would probably like to know something of these interesting developments of the religious sentiment of these present days, it may not be amiss to ask you to kindly permit me to recommend such to communicate with the Hon. S. H. Blake, Q.C., Toronto, the president, or Mr. James B. Ryan, 58 Bay street, Toronto, the secretary of the Protestant Churchman's Union and Tract Society. Either of these gentlemen will gladly furnish inquirers with all information on this subject.
PRO BONO PUBLICO.

'Frisco's Midwinter Show.

San Francisco, June 29.—The final report of the sub-committee of the World's Fair to be held in this city has been submitted and adopted. The fair is to be known as the California Midwinter International Exposition. It will be conducted by an executive committee of nine; five residents of San Francisco will be appointed by the mayor, three to constitute a quorum. The exposition will open on New Year's Day next and continue six months. Four buildings will be constructed in the park here. Three of these are to be the size of the Mechanics' Pavilion here; the fourth will be built of durable material and is to be donated to Golden Gate Park as a permanent museum building. It has been resolved that the National Commissioners of the Columbian Exposition will form the advisory board with the executive committee.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

GERMAN ARMY BILL.

Saved From Defeat by a Narrow Majority of Ten.

Berlin, June 28.—Reports received today from Kitzingen, Schweinfurth and Lohr complete the returns from all the 397 electoral constituencies of the Empire. The exact numerical relations of the parties in case of a vote on the army bill are nevertheless still somewhat in doubt, as several candidates who acknowledge allegiance to the larger parties or groups in other matters, have reserved their decision concerning the military demands of the government. The attitude of the Guelphs and Independent Radicals towards the Clerical party of the anti-Semite and some Agrarians towards the Conservative party and of the Radical Unionists towards the Richterists and National Liberal parties must remain more or less in doubt for several days.

The editor of the Reichsanzeiger (official at the Chancellorie) gave the assurance this afternoon that until after the correction of the returns and the opening of the Reichstag the relative strength of parties could not be determined. The situation has been complicated by the rejection of the returns in five constituencies where irregularities vitiated the elections. If these constituencies be allowed the parties entitled to them, according to the face of the returns, the list of 397 deputies is divided generally thus among the parties: Clericals, 82; Social Democrats, 45; Conservatives, 77; Free Conservatives, 30; National Liberals, 52; Guelphs, 8; Alsatians, 12; Anti-Semites, 12; Richter Radicals, 23; Radical Unionists, 12; Poles, 19; Independent Clericals, 11; Bavarian Peasants' League, 2; South German Democrats, 11; Danes, 1. Of these 397 deputies, 199 are counted for the army bill and 189 against it. Thirteen are classed as doubtful.

FLOOR COLLAPSED.

Perilous Adventure of Many World's Fair Workmen.

Chicago, June 28.—An accident attended with some narrow escapes from death and considerable injury to limbs, but luckily without fatality, occurred in the grounds at six o'clock this evening. At five o'clock about two hundred men, employed in the color department, met in the second story of the building to do honor to their chiefs. H. D. Millet, superintendent of decoration, and E. D. Allen, foreman of the shop. A handsome solid silver dessert set was presented to Mr. Millet and Mr. Allen was given a beautiful bowl and companion pieces. As the speechmaking was concluded and the men started for the narrow stairway which led to the floor below the thin boards creaked ominously as the men gathered at the narrow exit, and several retreated to the further corners of the room. Suddenly that portion of the floor nearest the stairway gave way and landed humanity and chairs and tables on top of the barrels, boxes, signs, scenery, and painted paraphernalia on the floor below. The fall was not over eighteen feet, and this no doubt saved many lives. After the confusion had abated in a measure and the men had been extricated with some difficulty it was found that fifteen men were in need of assistance, but it was ascertained that no one had been killed. Word was at once sent to police headquarters and a number of ambulances and patrol wagons were on the scene in a few minutes. The injured men were removed to the hospital, where it was found that only one, William Nolan, was in a serious condition. He had sustained a compound fracture of the right leg near the hip, and the doctors refuse to give an opinion in regard to his wounds. A number of the men when the accident occurred jumped from the windows and escaped injury. Mr. Millett and Mr. Allen escaped unhurt, although the latter went to the floor below with his workmen.

SILVER DEMONETIZATION.

An American Politician Denounces it as an English Banking Conspiracy.

St. Louis, June 28.—Congressman R. H. Bland, the great silver advocate, is here and reviving the silver situation as affected by the action of the Indian Government. He said:—"Heroic measures will be required on the part of this Government for the remonetization of silver. Most emphatically I do not think it is a knock out for silver in this country. On the contrary, I think that if Congress does not adopt some measure looking to a bi-metallic standard it will make the battle of standard the coming issue in this country. This battle will disrupt local parties, and cause a contest between the commercial interest and the agricultural districts of the country. The free coinage of silver is demanded by the laboring classes, and this is what the free coinage of silver men will not demand of Congress.

"The demonetization of silver is a conspiracy between the banking institutions of England and the eastern portion of the United States, and the suspension of silver coinage in India is part of the conspiracy to bulldose the Congress of the United States to the adoption of the single gold standard. I do not believe that they will succeed. If the Democratic Congress stands true to its pledge, this conspiracy will not succeed. The low price of silver is due to the fact that this and other governments are discriminating against it, and that the money interests of this and other countries have fought it. No important commercial country has recently had a mint for the free coinage of gold and silver. The effect has been to dam up silver and prevent its free exchange in the commerce of the nations."

Washington, June 28.—The rumor was current in the treasury to-day that Mexico contemplated stopping the free coinage of silver. It could not be traced and is not generally credited. In the present state of Mexican finances it is not clear, if she abandoned the silver standard, how she could go upon a gold basis. Minister Remecrohen, advised tonight of the rumor, said that he had no information to that effect, and did not believe that Mexico could afford to stop the free coinage of silver. He therefore placed no credence whatever in the report. He declined to forecast the effect of the action of India in stopping the free coinage of silver, but said that it was a very serious matter.

Simla, June 28.—Sir David Barbour, financial member of the Vice-Regal Council, said in an interview on the silver question to-day, that in his opinion Ceylon and the Mauritius would be compelled soon to follow the example of India and close their mints to the free coinage of silver. The effect of the change on the Chinese trade, he said, was causing much justifiable anxiety. It might be possible to ease the situation through the introduction of the gold standard in the Chinese treaty ports, but in any event the bulk of about fourteen crores of rupees (140,000,000) would be thrown on China. That China's foreign trade relations would be disturbed to a tremendous extent was self-evident. Many silver mines must be closed, continued Sir David. Eventually things would be righted by the decrease of the production of silver, but meantime there would be bad times in all countries wherein silver is having the gold standard.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

A. J. Vaninger, aged 65, collector of customs at Newcastle for many years, is dead.

An Ontario man has remitted $18 by cheque as conscience money to the customs department.

The seized American schooner Giles has been libelled in the admiralty court at Halifax with a view to confiscation.

George Leslie, sr., of Toronto, aged 90, is dead. He was the founder of Leslieville, and resided in Toronto for 68 years.

Mr. King, Canadian boundary commissioner, commences to run the boundary in Passamaquoddy Bay next week. He proceeds to Alaska in a month.

Hon. Mr. Laurier has sent a letter to the Ottawa Reform Association conveying his thanks to that body for their efforts to insure the success of the recent convention.

Twenty-one models of combined fishing and trading vessels have been received in competition for the Dominion Government's premiums for the best boat. Prizes $400 and $200.

A large number of Toronto citizens, on Wednesday afternoon, witnessed the unveiling of the monument erected to the memory of Lount and Matthews, two men who were hanged in 1837 for participating in the rebellion.

A prompt refutation has been given to the report started in Toronto that six Poles had arrived there who had passed quarantine without examination or disinfection. Dr. Montizambert telegraphed that the Poles were thoroughly disinfected.

Shortly before the steamship Lake Ontario reached Montreal, a saloon passenger, named Stewart, a wealthy Englishman, from Liverpool to the World's Fair, committed suicide by hanging. He was accompanied by a valet, and spent his money lavishly, but seemed to be subject to fits of despondency, which lasted for several days.

Word has reached Montreal that Duncan McIntyre of that city, George Gould of New York, and other gentlemen who go to London to make arrangements to acquire control of the Grand Trunk railway, leave by the steamship New York on Saturday next, having, so it is said, succeeded in making such arrangements that the management of the road will be transferred to this side of the Atlantic before long.

The new Thompson criminal law goes into effect on Saturday next without notice or proclamation. The lottery law has been greatly altered. Hitherto those dealing in lotteries were subjected to small fines. Under the Thompson act, offenders will be liable to two years' imprisonment and $2000 fine. The law applies to all games of chance except church fairs. The Credit Foncier du bas Canada and Credit Foncier Francais, two Quebec lotteries, are exempted from the act.

The fortieth annual session of the Grand Lodge of the Canadian Independent Order of Good Templars opened in Hamilton, Grand Chief Templar F. S. Spence presiding. About 200 delegates from all parts of the province were present. The report of the secretary shows a decrease in membership of over 1400 during the year. The grand chief templar in his report referred to the Ontario plebiscite as the most noble step in advance yet taken by the legislature. He hoped the Dominion authorities would do even better in the near future.

The Belleville Ontario says: "Several people in the vicinity of Roblin's Mills, Ameliasburg, witnessed a very strange spectacle one day last week. Eagerton Wannamaker, who also was an eyewitness, informs the Ontario that he was planting corn in a field, when his attention was drawn to what appeared to him at first to be a flock of small birds. They were flying about, seven or eight feet from the ground in a northeasterly direction. Mr. Wannamaker says the flock was fully 1400 yards long and 400 yards wide. A neighbor knocked one down, and found it to resemble a spider, but with large web wings and very large red eyes."

Strong nerves, sweet sleep, good appetite, healthy digestion, and best of all, Pure Blood, are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The wines sold by us are pleasing to all and contain nothing injurious. California Wine Company, 55 and 57 Broad street.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

WORK OF THE SEALERS.

The Report of the Wreck of the Ainoka is Not Credited.

TROUBLE ON THE MARY TAYLOR

Three Reports on the Catches of the Schooners Now on the Coast—Two Vessels, the Kate and Labrador, Returns to Port—Other News.

The sealers Kate, Capt. Foster, and Labrador, Capt. Whitely, returned to port last evening, having finished their cruises. The crew of the Labrador report that they heard the schooner Ainoka was lost off Cape St. Elias in May, but the story is not believed here. Capt. Grant, her owner, says he will await further news. The other news of importance aside from the catches is of a disturbance on the schooner Mary Taylor. Capt. Ed. Shields, master of the schooner, was cut and beaten by some of the members of the crew. The particulars are not given, but the matter will be fully investigated on the return of the schooner.

The schooner Kate, with a catch of 293 skins, was at anchor in James Bay at 5 o'clock last evening. As to catches the captain said: "I have heard indirectly from many of the schooners on the coast, and can but give their catches on hearsay. Among those which had poor luck are the Victoria, Otto, Beatrice and San Jose. At the same time those were heard of the Fawn was reported with 500 odd and the Sea Lion with about 600. On or about the 20th of May last I spoke the Annie E. Paint with 720 odd skins, and later in the month the Walter L. Rich was reported with about the following catches: Walter L. Earle, 1,300; Oscar and Hattie, 1,000; Borealis, 1,000; Triumph, 1,300; Sapphire, 1,000; E. B. Marvin, 1,600; Minnie, 300; and Ainoka, 1,100. I have heard of no serious accidents among any of the sealers."

Capt. Foster reported that a chart case, evidently from the lost whaler Sea Ranger, had been found by the Annie E. Paint, and that later it was reported another Victoria sealer had picked up six of the crew of the Sea Ranger.

The Labrador was in at about 9 o'clock last evening. She brought her own catch of 270 sealskins and 1,234 skins from the Sapphire and 1,715 from the Triumph. The Labrador reports these catches: Rosie Olsen, May 13, 280 skins; Sea Lion, May 18, 600; Mary Taylor, 500; Walter L. Rich, 600; Willard Ainsworth (American), 480; Fawn, June 5, 700; Columbian, May 13, off Kodiak.

A letter from Capt. William Cox, date June 15, makes this report on catches: Ocean Belle, 1,100; Dora Sieward, 1,300; Ainoka, 1,300; Mascotte, 750; Henry Dennis, 1,520; Earle, 1,500; Oscar and Hattie, 1,200; Pioneer, 1,020; R. Olsen, 600; Favorite, 1,000; Sea Lion, 700; Vitoria, 500; Beatrice, 500; San Jose, 200; Borealis, 1,300; Otto, 150; Brenda, 600; Mary Taylor, 600; Mischief, 200.

THE FAVORITE ARRIVES.

The schooner Favorite, Captain McLean, arrived this afternoon. She has been on the west coast for several days. She has on board 3,036 skins, 1,000 of which were caught by her Indian crew. The Triumph's catch of 1,170 and the E. B. Marvin's catch of 866 make up the rest. Captain McLean wanted to go over to the Copper Islands, but the Indians refused to go. He does not give much credence to the report that the Ainoka was lost. She was heard from several weeks ago. Captain McLean also heard that a schooner with a crew of Kyuquot Indians had been seized. Two canoes were lost from the Favorite and picked up by the Beatrice.

St. Ann's Convent.

In the presence of a large assemblage of parents and friends of the children and patrons of the school the pupils of St. Ann's Convent this afternoon displayed in the closing exercises their improvement for the year, and received the honors for which they have striven. The exercises began at 2 o'clock with a march for three pianos played by Misses V. Kenyon, M. Beckingham, M. Grahame, A. Gerrie, L. Marboeuf and B. Nuttall. Then the academic honors were presented, but pressure upon our space prevents a list of the winners appearing to-day.

Moonlight Excursion.

The second moonlight excursion of the reception committee of the Y. M. C. A. took place last evening from McIntosh's boat house. Over fifty took part in it and a very pleasant evening was spent cruising around the harbor and arm. Owing to the heavy swell outside chairman Lawson and Secretary Elson abandoned the original destination, which was to have been a cruise around the Royal Arthur and the San Pedro, with a song service in Esquimalt. It is hoped that the reception committee will have the support of all the members in their endeavor to provide entertainment during the summer. The next moonlight excursion will take place on the 19th of July.

The Most Attractive Offer.

While the first and other days are occupied by numerous attractions the chief pleasure of the 4th is the grand round fare trip to Angeles.

To Elect Directors.

The third annual meeting of the donors and subscribers to the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital will be held to-morrow at 2 p.m. The annual report will be presented and a new board of directors elected.

Bride's Long Journey.

Miss Elizabeth Willis, of Montreal, and George Sangster, of Victoria, were married last evening at 39 Chatham street by Rev. Dr. Campbell. Miss K. McCrimmon was bridesmaid and W. Willis best man. The bride arrived in the city on Tuesday night from Montreal to meet her husband.

Annual General Meeting.

The annual general meeting of the B. C. Board of Trade will take place on July 7th at 3 p.m. The meeting will be one of more than usual interest. Each of the standing comittees will present a report, which will be embodied in the general annual report. Every member of the Board is requested to be present.

Mr. Arrowsmith's Meetings.

Mr. Arrowsmith, the evangelist, conducted three meetings in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. Two were in the afternoon for young people. There was a large attendance. The speaker's address was interesting and instructive. In the evening a general Gospel meeting was held, with another large attendance.

For Inspection.

The Canadian Canoe Company of Peterboro' have sent out another nest of canoes to their representatives here, Messrs. Page & Winnett, of 18 Trounce avenue. These canoes are similar to the company's exhibit at the World's Fair, being of the very best workmanship and finish, and can be sold on the instalment plan at almost eastern prices.

A Delighted Visitor.

R. H. Matson, general manager for Canada of the Providence Savings and Life Assurance Society, who has been spending several weeks in Victoria as guest of Dr. G. L. Milne, M. P. P., will leave for the east to-night. He will visit Chicago on his way east. Mr. Matson was delighted with Victoria and the many pretty pleasure resorts in the vicinity of the city.

Weather and Cheapest Yet.

The last few days have been everything one could desire as far as the weather is concerned, people can now enjoy themselves outside, consequently there is every possibility of hundreds taking advantage of the delightful change that the 50 cent round trip on the Islander on the 4th will afford. The first trip in the morning will give the excursionists two hours in Angeles providing they wish to return by the first boat.

Hospital Directors Meet.

The board of directors of Jubilee Hospital met last evening at the office of Yates, Jay & Russell. There were present: Joshua Davies, president; Messrs. J. S. Yates, E. Crow Baker, A. Wilson, J. G. Brown, I. Braverman, Charles Hayward, D. M. Eberts, W. M. Chudley and H. D. Helmcken. The session was a long one and much business was transacted preliminary to winding up the hospital year on June 30. The annual meeting of the subscribers will be held to-morrow.

All donors and subscribers are eligible to vote for the election of directors.

Vancouver on Dominion Day.

Those wishing to visit Vancouver on Dominion Day will not be forced to travel on over-crowded steamers. The C. P. N. Company have placed two steamers on the route, the Premier and the Islander, and everybody will be enabled to travel comfortably. The Premier will leave here at 11 o'clock to-morrow evening, and returning will leave Vancouver at 9 on Saturday evening. The Islander will leave here at 2 a.m. to-morrow and Vancouver at 3.30 on Saturday afternoon. Most of the berths have been engaged.

CUT TEN THOUSAND.

The Johnson Estate Secures a $10,000 Reduction in Assessed Values.

It will probably be Tuesday before the labors of the court of revision on city assessments are concluded.

The court is working more than eight hours daily, and still the list of appeals is far from being exhausted.

R. Seabrook had appealed against the assessment of Kingston and John street property; he did not appear. The assessment was sustained. James M. Russell had appealed against the assessment on Cedar Hill acreage, but he did not appear; no change.

Wing On was allowed a $100 reduction on a quarter of an acre on Simcoe street.

The assessment on the Oak Bay avenue lot of Charles Kent was reduced $500. Assessed at $2,000.

There was a reduction of $10 on land and $100 on improvements on the Richmond street property of John McMillan.

A reduction of $750 on the Springfield property of C. Penwell and the assessment on Flint & Williams' lot alongside the Jubilee Hospital was reduced $50 a lot. A reduction of $200 on improvements was granted on the Pembroke street property of George Powers, and J. F. Smith secured a $150 reduction on his Oak Bay avenue lot.

Most of the time of the court this morning was taken up by Mr. Irving, barrister, who appeared on behalf of the Johnson estate. A total reduction of $10,000 was allowed on the property on Government and Yates and Broad and Yates. The court knocked off $6,600 on the land and $3,500 on improvements.

Alexander McDonald appealed from the assessment on the Windsor Hotel land. It was reduced from $19,000 to $16,800. Mr. Hamley secured a reduction of $100 on a McClure street lot and a reduction averaging $70 on five lots held by Christ Church on Victoria crescent.

The court then adjourned till Monday, which day will be almost entirely devoted to Mr. Harris, the real estate man, who had 70 clients for whom he will appeal. Mr. E. M. Johnson has a similar number.

OFFICIALLY ENTHRONED.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Perrin of Columbia—Synod Business.

Right Rev. Bishop Perrin was this morning officially enthroned Lord Bishop of Columbia. The ceremony took place at Christ church cathedral at 8 o'clock. Upon his arrival at the entrance to the cathedral the bishop was met by a procession composed of the clergy of the diocese and the full cathedral choir. The procession proceeded to the altar where services were conducted by Rev. Archdeacon Scriven. The bishop made the usual declaration to preserve the rights of the diocese. He was then accompanied to his seat where he was enthroned by Ven. Archdeacon Scriven.

The usual services preceding the synod meeting were conducted by the Archdeacon, after which the clergy and lay representatives adjourned to the school room, where the first session of the first synod was formally opened. Bishop Perrin occupied the chair. Routine business having been disposed of the nomination and election of officers was taken up with the following result: Clerical Secretary, Archdeacon Scriven (re-elected); Lay Secretary, Mr. Baynes Reed (re-elected); Treasurer, W. C. Ward (re-elected); Auditors, Messrs. W. Bridgman and John Coltart; clerical members of the executive, Revs. Canon Beanlands, Canon Paddon, Barber, Taylor, Tovey, Cooper, Lipscombe and Hewetson. The bishop appointed Hon. Justice Drake chancellor and Mr. Lindley Crease registrar.

The synod adjourned at 2 until 3 o'clock.

Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Veitch of Craigflower will to-morrow celebrate their golden wedding. A family reunion will take place, at which four generations will be represented. Mr. and Mrs. Veitch are great grandparents.

The Umatilla's Passengers.

San Francisco, June 29.—Following passengers for Victoria are on board the steamer Umatilla: Mrs. A. D. Olmstead, J. Vanbremer, S. W. Biddington, Dr. Williams, J. Curtis and wife, Mrs. Lansing, daughter and son, Mrs. Wood, Captain Linn and wife, R. Thain.

The Thirty-Third Drawing.

The Victoria Building Society held its 33rd drawing for an appropriation in Sir William Wallace Hall last evening. W. W. Northcott, R. Erskine and J. F. Fell, composed the committee. Nos. 38 B, 130 A, B, C and D, proved fortunate; 38 B, held by John Cochenour, drawing $1000, and 130 A, B, C and D, standing in the name of Mrs. Mary Ann Parker, $4000. This makes $116,000 drawn for up to date.

Quarrelled Over a Trunk.

Mrs. Annie Terry summoned A. E. McEachran in the police court this morning, charging him with threatening to burn down her house. Mrs. Terry keeps a boarding house on Johnson street, and McEachran was a boarder. Mrs. Terry told another boarder, who was a mate of McEachran's, to vacate. McEachran told his mate to go and get his trunks also. Mrs. Terry refused to surrender McEachran's trunk. McEachran then demanded the trunk in person. She refused to give it up unless he paid a full week's board. McEachran paid the money for the time he had been in the house, and was going upstairs to take his trunk. Hot words were exchanged and McEachran threatened to burn down the house if he did not get the trunk. He admitted the threat in the police court, but said it was said in anger. He was fined $20 and costs. McEachran will take other proceedings for the recovery of his trunk.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

—At our disposal on Hillside avenue we have two two-story houses on the instalment plan at cost.

PAGE & WINNETT.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE WHEEL.

Vienna, June 29.—The long distance race of Austrian and German bicyclists to Berlin began to-day. The start was made from Florisdorf, four miles north of Vienna. About 170 bicyclists left that place in 15 groups, between 6 and 7 o'clock this morning. The distance to be travelled is 370 miles.

BASEBALL.

The Victoria Athletic Club team and the Reds will cross bats at the Sons of Erin picnic on Saturday. The game will commence at 2 o'clock and promises to be the best match of the season. The following members of the clubs will play:

Reds.	Position.	V. A. C.
W. Buckett	pitcher	W. Leufesty
W. Wriglesworth	catcher	J. Huxtable
D. Sinclair	1st base	G. Partridge
E. Wriglesworth	2nd base	S. Kholer
D. McLeod	3rd base	G. Smith
A. Randolph	short stop	C. Steinfelt
E. Brown	centre field	F. Gouge
H. Shade	right field	J. Meldram
J. Braden	left field	C. Wriglesworth

CRICKET.

V.C.C. JUNIORS AND C BATTERY.

There will be a cricket match this afternoon between the Victoria Juniors and C Battery.

ALBIONS AND CHOIR.

The Cathedral Choir was defeated by the Albion Cricket Club yesterday afternoon. Score, Albions, 51; Cathedral Choir, 27.

LACROSSE.

MATCH THIS EVENING.

The Victoria twelve will have their last practice before Saturday's match, at the Caledonian park this evening. They will play against a team of eighteen. The teams follow:—

The twelve—J. McLeod, W. Clark, Ross Eckardt, R. J. Frost, A. E. McNaughton, H. Merton, W. F. Blight, G. Tite, A. Belfry, F. Cullin, Charles Cullin and Z. Kotchum.

The eighteen—Alex. Kenning, A. E. Wade, Skene Lowe, E. Rookridge, J. Sprinkling, J. Miller, C. D. McDonald, W. Jackson, Geo. Ledingham, C. McNeil, T. Cusack, M. Hardie, Thomas Watson, G. Moss, W. Fairall, J. Cox, D. Paterson and G. Martin.

THE OAR.

YALE AGAIN VICTORIOUS.

New London, Conn., June 28.—For the third time consecutively the Yale freshmen to day won the triangular boat race on the Thames, defeating Harvard by eight and Columbia by thirteen lengths; in the time of 10:23. The only respect in which the result of this year's race differs from its two predecessors is that the Columbian crew finished a poor third to day, while it has been able to deal with Harvard heretofore.

Spencer's Summer Sale

Will Continue

Monday and Tuesday Only.

Boys' Suits.
Girl's Galatea & Serge, Trimmed Braid.
Ladies' Capes---New this season.
Ladies' Spring Jackets and Mantles.
All will be marked at prices that will clear.

D. SPENCER,
Government Street.

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENCY.

J. St. Clair Blackett
74 Yates Street,
GENERAL AGENT UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON, ENGLAND.
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, Etc.
Fire Insurance Written at Lowest Rates.
Collections promptly made.
City Property a Specialty.

PAISLEY DYE WORKS,
116 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.
Dyeing Scouring and Repairing Ladies' and Gents' Wear, Curtains, Silks, Ostrich Feathers and Fancy Dyeing. Steam Finishing. Cleaning Cricket, Athletic Suits and Gloves a Specialty. JAMES ALLISON, Prop.
"Drop us a Postal Card and we will attend to it promptly" m29-1m

THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,
5 Gordon St., Victoria.
This first-class Private Family Boarding House, centrally situated, within extensive grounds, is open under new management for guests by the day, week or month at moderate rates. A few table boarders can be accommodated. ma3 1-3m

Mackie's Pure Highland Scotch Whiskies
MACKIE'S SELECTED LAGAVULIN.
MACKIE'S VERY RARE OLD SPECIAL.
MACKIE'S OLD BLEND of the WHITE HORSE Cellar.
The famous LAGAVULIN DISTILLERY, ISLAND OF ISLAY, SCOTLAND.
The Lagavulin Whisky is famous for its fine quality, being made from pure Scotch Malt only, and has long been the favorite beverage of Sportsmen. The most eminent Physicians of the day prescribe it where a stimulant is required.
Lagavulin Distillery, Islay,
Laphroaig Distillery, Islay,
Craig-Ellachie Distillery, Glenlivet.
Glendronach Distillery, Aberdeenshire,
Kintyre Distillery, Campbeltown,
Longrow Distillery, Campbeltown.
MACKIE & Co., 13 Carlton Place, Glasgow, Scotland.
THE TRADE SUPPLIED BY
THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

TROUT LAKE CITY
WEST KOOTENAY, B.C.
THE ABOVE TOWNSITE IS NOW ON THE MARKET. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The owners intend to expend money on Streets and other improvements in the spring.
For the next 30 days Lots will be sold for $150 for corners, $100 for insides.
For further particulars apply to
H. ASHBY & CO., At the Head Office, Nelson, B. C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

$1.50 PER PAIR
For Farmers, Mechanics and Workingmen
360 PAIRS
English Kip, Hand-Sewed Military Bluchers.
Bargains like these are like angels' visits,
"Few and far between."
A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25,
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practicle experience of over 25 years. mar1

CASH CASH
1,000,000 Bricks
For Sale.
$6 per M.
Hand Made.
M. HUMBER.
CASH CASH
m29-1m
Tamilkande Tea is the best.

Notice
Our Prices
In the Window
We
Will meet any
And all
Competition.
Our Stock
Is Fresh and
Well Assorted.
Franck's Grocery,
COR. FORT & QUADRA STS.
TELEPHONE 304

Sweet and Dainty Dishes
For
The Dinner and Supper Tables
Can always be prepared quickly
by using
Dr. Price's
Cream Baking Powder
It is distinguished as being the only pure Cream of Tartar Baking Powder—free from ammonia, alum, lime or any other adulteration. All other baking powders leave traces of alkali or acid in the food. Dr. Price's is without a rival and is indispensable where the finest as well as the most wholesome food is desired.

NO. 196

BY-LAW

Respecting the Management and Expenditure of the Revenue and Money Belonging to the Corporation.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the treasurer to pay from time to time the amounts which become necessary for the services mentioned in the statement lettered A in the schedule hereto annexed.

Sec. 2 It shall be lawful for the treasurer to pay from time to time such sums of money as are named as being payable to the representatives of the corporation mentioned in the statement lettered B in the schedule hereto annexed; provided that the sums in each case so paid during the year do not exceed in the aggregate the total sum of money authorized by sub-section 66 of section 104 of the Municipal Act 1892, and by-law No. (170) 1890, 62 or sub-section 67 of section 104 of the same act as amended by section 19 of the Municipal Act Amendment Act 1893 and by by-law No. 193, 1893, as the case may be , and that the auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to its correctness.

Sec. 3. It shall be lawful for the treasurer to pay to each officer of the corporation a sum of money not exceeding each month the sum mentioned as allowable to each such officer as per detailed statement lettered C and votes No. 62 to No. 66, both inclusive in the statement lettered J in the schedule hereto annexed; provided that the sum paid for each month's service is not in excess of the monthly sum named in the said statements (unless the Council of the Corporation otherwise authorize) and provided that before making the payment the auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to its correctness.

Sec. 4. It shall be lawful to pay such sums of money as may be authorized from time to time by resolution of the Council of the Corporation as are set forth in approved requisitions and for which warrants have been authorized by the council to be issued for the services mentioned in the statements lettered D, E, F, H, and votes Nos. 38 to 49 both inclusive, votes No. 51 to 55 both inclusive and votes No. 57 and No. 58 in statement lettered G, and votes No. 67 to No. 72 both inclusive in statement lettered J, in the schedule hereto annexed; Provided that before making the payment the auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to its correctness and that the council have authorized the payment and that the sums paid and authorized are not in each case in the aggregate in excess of the sum named in the above votes and statements.

Sec. 5. Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding section of this by-law, it shall be lawful to make the following payments prior to obtaing authority from the council by resolution or by issuance of a warrant.

(a) To any person who has been employed by order of or for the services connected with either vote 17, statement D, or vote 37, statement F, or votes 64, 65, 66 or 72, statement J, and who has been discharged or who has left the empioy of the corporation; provided that the chairman of the Standing Committee on Finance has certified to the correctness of the payment on account of IX. the Board of Health, the City Engineer has certified to the correctness of the payment on account of VI, streets, bridges and sidewalks; and the Water Commissioner has certified to the correctness of the payment on account of vote 17, Water Works Expenditure; and that the Auditor has in each case marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher, but the Standing Committee on Finance are to report all such payments to the Council at its first regular meeting thereafter.

Sec. 6. It shall be lawful for the treasurer to pay such sums of money for the services named in votes 50 and 56, statement lettered G, as the Mayor may direct; provided always that the sums paid are not in the aggregate in excess of the sum hereby appropriated by the Council for the service and that the Auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to the same.

Sec. 7. All requisitions for authority from the Council to incur a pecuniary liability, or to make an application for or a payment of money, or for the issuance of a warrant to authorize the payment of a sum of money, are first to receive an endorsement from the Auditor that the funds are or will be on hand and are unappropriated and are available to meet the proposed expenditure out of the municipal revenue for the then current year, or out of money obtained under authority of sub-section 134 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, or out of money obtained by the issue of debentures for the purpose applied for, and are to receive the recommendation of the Mayor, and are to have the approval of at least two of the members of the Standing Committee on Finance by their endorsement thereon before being considered by the Council.

All cheques drawn on a bank for payment of funds belonging to the Corporation are to be signed by the Treasurer and by the Auditor and countersigned by the Mayor of the city before payment.

Sec. 8. All payments made out of the municipal revenue for the current year or out of moneys obtained under authority of the Annual Loan By-Law, 1893, are hereby confirmed.

Sec. 9. The officer styled the Auditor or the Treasurer referred to in this by-law shall mean and include any person acting in either of those capacities by the authority of the Municipal Council for the time being.

Sec. 10. No. 162, the Estimates By-law, 1892, No. 168, the Supplementary Estimates By-Law, 1892, No. 172, the Board of Health Fund By-Law, 1892, No. 176, the Supplementary Estimates By-Law, No. 2, 1892, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 11. The Municipal Revenue By-law, 1892, is hereby amended by repealing the first section thereof, and by striking out in the second and third sections thereof all the words and figures in the first and second lines of each of the said sections down to and including the figures 1893.

Sec. 12. This By-Law may be cited as the "Municipal Revenue By-law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council this 16th day of June, 1893.

Reconsidered adopted and finally passed by the Council this nineteenth day of June, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE.

Summary of the estimated Expenditure of the Year ending 31st December, 1893.

Statement	Number	SERVICE.	Amount.
A	I.	City Debt	114,264 18
B	II.	Municipal Council	5,6 0 00
C	III.	Civic Salaries	76,968 00
D	IV.	City Institutions (maintenance)	37,820 00
E	V.	Buildings and Surveys	14 450 00
F	VI.	Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks	20 000 00
G	VII.	Miscellaneous Expenditure	29 076 50
H	VIII.	Education	33,200 00
J	IX.	Board of Health	64,365 00
			$395,743 68

SCHEDULE.

Estimates of Expenditure of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, from 1st January, to 31st December, 1893.

I.—CITY DEBT.

No. of Vote.	Statement A.	Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec 1893.	Total.
1	Interest	$80,080 40	
2	Sinking Fund	33,708 78	
3	Brokerage and Exchange	475 00	
			$114,264 18

Statement A.—Service.		Total.
Details.		
Vote No. 1.—Interest.		
Arrears from 1892	$ 887 50	
12 months interest on Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1873, payable 1st April and 1st October, $92,500 00 at 7 per cent	6,475 00	
12 months interest on Waterworks Loan Amendment Act, 1875, payable 20th May and 20th November, $50,000.00 at 7 per cent	3,500 00	
12 months interest on Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1877, payable 2nd January and 2nd July, $20,000 00 at 8 per cent	1,600 00	
12 months interest on Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1886, payable 1st April and 1st October, $75 000 00 at 5 per cent	3,750 00	
12 months interest on $70,000.00 Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1889, payable 1st August, $70,000 at 5 per cent	3,500 00	
12 months interest on $60,000.00 Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1889, payable 1st August, $60,000 at 5 per cent	3,000 00	
12 months interest on Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1888, payable 25th February and 25th August, $20,000 at 5 per cent	1,000 00	
12 months interest on Corporation Loan By-Law, 1878, payable 20th June and 20th December, $20,000 at 7 per cent	1,400 00	
12 months interest on Public Lighting By Law, 1885, payable 21st April and 21st October, $16,000 00 at 6 per cent	960 00	
12 months interest on Drainage By-Law, 1885, payable 1st April and 1st October, $5000 at 6 per cent	300 00	
12 months interest on Streets and Bridge Loan By-Law, 1886, payable 1st April and 1st October, $50 000 00 at 5 per cent	2,500 00	
12 months interest on Johnson Street Sewer By-Law, 1888, payable 25th February and 25th August, $30,000 00 at 5 per cent	1,500 00	
12 months interest on Streets Bridges and Cemetery Loan By-Law, 1889, payable 28th June, $45 000 00 at 5 per cent	2,250 00	
12 months interest on Pleasure Grounds Loan By-Law, 1889, payable 1st August, $25,000 00 at 5 per cent	1,250 00	
12 months interest Fire Department By-Law, 1889, payable 1st August, $15,000 00 at 5 per cent	750 00	
12 months interest on City Hall Addition Loan By-Law, 1890, payable 18th March, $35,000 at 5 per cent	1,750 00	
12 months interest on Cemetery Loan By-Law, 1890, payable 18th March, $12,500.00 at 5 per cent	625 00	
12 months interest on Flour Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889, payable 1st January and 1st July, $10,000 at 5 per cent	500 00	
12 months interest on Sewerage Loan By Law, 1890, payable 20th May and 20th November, £61,600 at 4 per cent., £2,464 at $4.85 per £	11,950 40	
12 months interest on Public Marke Building By-Law, 1890, payable 15th June and 15th December, £9,000 at 4½ per cent., £405 at $4.85 per £	1,934 25	
12 months interest on Public Market Site By-Law, 1890 payable 15th June and 15th December, £11,600 at 4½ per cent., £495 at $4.85 per £	2,400 75	
12 months interest on Crematory Loan By-Law, 1890, payable 24th December, $10,000 at 5 per cent	500 00	
12 months interest on Agricultural Association By-Law, 1891, payable 23rd June and 23rd December, $25,000 at 5 per cent	1,250 00	
12 months interest on Loan under authority of City of Victoria Act, 1892, payable 25th February and 25th August, $182,000 at 5 per cent.	9,100 00	
12 months interest on Street Loan by Law, 1892, payable 14th April and 14th October, $23,000 at 4½ per cent	1,125 00	
12 months interest on Guarantee Victoria and Sydney Railway Company, payable 1st March and 1st September, £66,000 at 3 per cent, £1,800 at $4.85 per £	8,730 00	
6 months interest on the Surface Drains By-Law, 1893, payable 24th November at 4½ per cent	2,812 50	
Interest under Annual Loan By-Law, 1893	2,750 00	
		80,080 40
Vote No. 2.—Sinking Funds.		
Annual payment on Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1873	3,335 00	
" " Waterworks Loan Amendment Act, 1875	2,795 00	
" " Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1877	610 00	
" " " " 1886	1 557 00	
" " " " 1888	292 00	
" " $70,000 Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1889	1,458 00	
" " $60,000 " " 1889	1,225 00	
" " Corporation Loan By-Law, 1878	880 00	
" " Public Lighting By-Law, 1885	595 00	
" " Drainage By-Law, 1885	189 00	
" " Streets and Bridge Loan By-Law, 1886	444 00	
" " Johnson Street Sewer By-Law, 1888	308 00	
" " Streets, Bridges and Cemetery Loan By-Law, 1889	919 00	
" " Pleasure Grounds Loan By-Law, 1889	516 00	
" " Fire Department By-Law, 1889	795 00	
" " City Hall Addition Loan By-Law, 1890	735 67	
" " Cemetery Loan By-Law, 1890	263 75	
" " Flour Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889	371 78	
" " Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1890	2,059 65	
" " Public Market Site By-Law, 1890	308 90	
" " " Building By-Law, 1890	487 62	
" " Crematory Loan By-Law, 1890	201 11	
" " Agricultural Association Loan By-Law, 1891	686 00	
" " City of Victoria Act, 1892	4,370 00	
" " Street Loan By-Law, 1892	161 00	
Semi-annual payment The Surface Drains By-Law, 1893	1,250 00	
Interest to accrue from Investment of Sinking Funds	6,706 89	
		33,708 78
Vote No. 3.—Brokerage and Exchange.		
Exchange on drafts for interest remittances	300 00	
Bank of British North America, paying coupons	175 00	
		475 00
Total		$114,264 18

II.—MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

No. of Vote.	Statement B.	Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893.	Total.
4	The Mayor	$2,000 00	
4a	The Aldermen	3,600 00	
			$5,600 00

III.—CIVIC SALARIES.

No. of Vote.	Statement C.	Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893.	Total.
5	Treasurer, City Clerk and Assessor's Offices	11,720 00	
6	Water Works	4,920 00	
7	Public Works	13,220 00	
8	Cemetery	1,400 00	
9	Park	840 00	
10	Police	23,750 00	
11	Fire Department	13,188 00	
12	Library	780 00	
13	Pound	960 00	
14	Home for the Aged and Infirm	600 00	
15	Public Market	960 00	
16	Street Lighting	4,620 00	
			$76,968 00

Statement C.—Service.			Total.
Details.			
Vote No. 5.—Treasurer, City Clerk and Assessor's Offices.			
Treasurer's Office—			
Treasurer and Collector	12 months @	$166 66	2,000 00
Assistant Collector	12 "	90 00	1,080 00
Auditor	12 "	125 00	1,500 00
City Clerk's Office—			
City Clerk and Secretary of Cemetery Board	12 "	150 00	1,800 00
Clerk of the Police Court	6 "	60 00	360 00
1st Clerk	12 "	45 00	540 00
2nd Clerk	12 "	33 33	400 00
Assessor's Office—			
Assessor, Inspector of Public Buildings and Superintendent of Public Works	12 "	150 00	1,800 00
Assistant Assessor	12 "	80 00	960 00
Janitor	12 "	65 00	780 00
Temporary assistance			500 00
			11,720 00
Vote No. 6.—Water Works.			
Foreman	12 months @	$100 00	1,200 00
Collector of water rates	12 "	125 00	1,500 00
Assistant Collector of water rates	12 "	75 00	900 00
Watchman and Caretaker at dam	12 "	60 00	720 00
Engineer at pump	12 "	50 00	600 00
			4,920 00
Vote No. 7.—Public Works.			
City Engineer and Surveyor and Water Works Commissioner	12 months @	225 00	$2,700 00
Assistant Engineer and Surveyor	12 "	125 00	1,500 00
Clerk	12 "	90 00	1,080 00
Sanitary Engineer	12 "	250 00	3,000 00
Engineer rock crusher	12 "	80 00	960 00
1 Street Foreman	12 "	75 00	900 00
1 Street Foreman	12 "	75 00	900 00
City Carpenter	12 "	75 00	900 00
Teamster	12 "	65 00	780 00
Temporary assistance, Surveyor's office			500 00
			$13,220 00
Vote No 8. Cemetery.			
Keeper	12 months @	75 00	900 00
Extra assistance			500 00
			1,400 00
Vote No. 9.—Park.			
Keeper	12 months @	70 00	840 00
Vote No. 10.—Police.			
Police Magistrate	12 months @	200 00	2,400 00
Chief of Police	12 "	150 00	1,800 00
Sergeant of Police No. 1	12 "	100 00	1,200 00
" No. 2	12 "	90 00	1,080 00
" No. 3	12 "	90 00	14,400 00
16 Constables	each 12 "	75 00	140 00
1 Constable	2 "	70 00	750 00
1 Constable	10 "	75 00	330 00
1 Constable	6 "	65 00	420 00
1 Constable	6 "	70 00	100 00
Special Constables			23,750 00
Vote No. 11.—Fire Department.			
Chief Engineer	12 months @	110 00	1,320 00
Assistant Engineer	12 "	80 00	960 00
Engineer No. 1	12 "	80 00	960 00
Engineer No. 2	12 "	80 00	960 00
Engineer No. 3	12 "	60 00	720 00
Driver No. 1	12 "	70 00	840 00
Driver No. 2	12 "	70 00	840 00
Driver No. 3	12 "	70 00	840 00
Driver No. 4	12 "	60 00	720 00
Tillerman	12 "	60 00	720 00
Electrician	12 "	10 00	120 00
Foreman No. 1	12 "	25 00	300 00
Foreman No. 2	12 "	25 00	300 00
Foreman No. 3	12 "	25 00	300 00
18 Firemen	each 12 "	18 00	3,888 00
			13,188 00
Vote No. 12.—Library.			
Librarian	12 months @	65 00	780 00
Vote No. 13.—Pound.			
Pound Keeper	12 months @	70 00	840 00
Dog catcher	4 "	30 00	120 00
			960 00
Vote No. 14.—Home for the Aged and Infirm.			
Caretaker	12 months @	50 00	600 00
Vote No. 15.—Public Market.			
Market Superintendent	12 months @	80 00	960 00
Vote No. 16.—Street Lighting.			
Engineer	12 months @	90 00	1,080 00
Dynamo Tender	12 "	90 00	1,080 00
Lamp Trimmer No. 1	12 "	85 00	1,020 00
Lamp Trimmer No. 2	9 "	60 00	540 00
Cleaner	12 "	10 00	120 00
Superintendent	12 "	65 00	780 00
Total			4,620 00
			76,968 00

IV.—CITY INSTITUTIONS—MAINTENANCE.

No. of Vote.	Statement D.	Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec.	Total.
17	Waterworks	$15,000 00	
18	Cemetery	250 00	
19	Pound	200 00	
20	Park	500 00	
21	Police	5,250 00	
22	Fire Department	6,750 00	
23	Library	220 00	
24	Street Lighting	5,000 00	
25	Home for Aged and Infirm	3,650 00	
26	Public Market	500 00	
27	Sewerage	500 00	
			$37,820 00

Statement D—Service.			Total.
Details.			
Vote No. 17.—Water Works.			
For all purposes of maintenance and extension			$15,000 00
Vote No. 18.—Cemetery.			
For all purposes			250 00
Vote No. 19.—Pound.			
For all purposes			200 00
Vote No. 20.—Parks.			
For all purposes			500 00
Vote No. 21.—Police.			
Clothing		1,000 00	
Keep of Prisoners		3,000 00	
Inquest, Funerals and Lunatics		750 00	
Hacks and Express		150 00	
Interpreter		100 00	
Sundries		250 00	
			5,250 00
Vote No. 22.—Fire Department.			
Feed for Horses		1,400 00	
Repairs		475 00	
Fuel		450 00	
Horse Shoeing		300 00	
Hardware, Oil, Merchandise, etc		800 00	
Medical Attendance, Horses		50 00	
Fire Alarm Service		500 00	
1000 Feet Hose and Couplings, complete		1,000 00	
Furniture, Bedding, etc		200 00	
Harness Clothing, etc		150 00	
Supplies for chemical		300 00	
Hydrants, Rent, and Repairs		450 00	
Horses		500 00	
Freight and Duty		75 00	
Sundries		150 00	
			6,750 00
Vote No. 23.—Library.			
For all purposes			220 00
Vote No. 24.—Street Lighting.			
For all purposes			5,000 00
Vote No. 25.—Home for the Aged and Infirm.			
Rent, Collinson street. Furniture, Ross Bay House		1,200 00	
Provisions		1,500 00	
Clothing		250 00	
Fuel		230 00	
Washing		300 00	
Sundries		200 00	
			3,650 00
Vote No. 26.—Public Market.			
For all purposes			500 00
Vote No. 27.—Sewerage.			
For all purposes			500 00
Total			37,820 00

V.—BUILDINGS AND SURVEYS.

No. of Vote.	Statement E.	Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893.	Total.
28	City Hall Repairs	$1,000 00	
29	City Market Property	1,500 00	
30	Fire Department Buildings	300 00	
31	Electric Light Buildings	250 00	
32	Furniture, all Buildings	500 00	
33	Defining Streets and City Boundaries	2,500 00	
34	Naming Streets	1,600 00	
35	City Hall Addition	6,300 00	
36	Ross Bay House, repairs to buildings and fencing grounds	1,000 00	
			$14 450 00

VI.—STREETS, BRIDGES AND SIDEWALKS.

No. of Vote.	Statement F.	Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893.	Total.
37	For all purposes	$20,000 00	$20,000 00

VII.—MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURE.

No. of Vote.	Statement G.	Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893.	Total.
38	Election Expenses	$1,000 00	
39	Advertising and Printing	5,000 00	
40	Stationery	1,000 00	
41	Postage	800 00	
42	Telegrams, and District Messengers	150 00	
43	Telephone Service	1,350 00	
44	Fuel and Light	3,000 00	
45	Carriage and Express Hire	500 00	
46	Fire Insurance	1,250 00	
47	Legal Adviser's Annual Retainer	500 00	
48	Legal Expenses	2,500 00	
49	Refunds	500 00	
50	Charitable Aid Fund	1,000 00	
51	Fund to Aid Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital	2,000 00	
52	Celebration of the Queen's Birthday	1,000 00	
53	Preliminary Expenses, Local Improvement By-Law	250 00	
54	Victoria City Official Map Act	776 51	
55	Commission on Revenue Collections	1,000 00	
56	Secret Service Fund	250 00	
57	British Columbia Agricultural Association, grant in aid of an exhibition to be held in 1893, at or adjoining to the city	3,000 00	
58	Miscellaneous, not detailed	2,000 00	
			$29 076 50

VIII.—EDUCATION.

No. of Vote.	Statement H.	Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893.	Total.
59	Amount Payable to Provincial Government, to 30 June, 1893	$ 7,200 00	
60	" " Board of School Trustees	10,000 00	
61	Teachers' Salaries, 1st July to 31st December, 1893	16,000 00	
			$33,200 00

IX.—BOARD OF HEALTH.

No. of Vote.	Statement J.	Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893.	Total.
	Details.		
62	Medical Health Officer	5 months @ 60 00	$ 300 00
"	"	7 " 100 00	700 00
63	Sanitary Inspector	12 " 90 00	1,080 00
64	Caretaker Ross Bay Suspect Station	3 " 20 00	60 00
"	"	9 " 45 00	4 5 00
65	" Johnston House, Ross Bay	12 " 20 00	240 00
66	" Jubilee Station	3 " 25 00	75 00
"	"	9 " 45 00	405 00
67	T. F. Sinclair, contract for removal of garbage		8,400 00
68	Darcy Island station for lepers		1,000 00
69	Subdivision 54 and 55 of Section XXV, Vic. District		9,350 00
70	Isolation hospital buildings and fencing		16,500 00
71	Sanitary office		850 00
72	For all other purposes		25,000 00
			$64,375 00

THE PROVIDENT SAVINGS LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

ISSUES ALL THE LATEST AND MOST EQUITABLE FORMS OF INSURANCE OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

New Business for 1892, - - - - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, - - - 76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON,
Manager for the Province of B C. OFFICE: 18 Trounce Ave. (Page & Winnett.)

NAKUSP

SLOCAN MINES

The Eldorado of British Columbia

All the ore output now assured to Nakusp by the immediate construction of the **NAKUSP & SLOCAN RAILWAY**, which will start at Nakusp and end at the Forks of Carpenter Creek, directly in the centre of the Slocan Mines.

No Other Route can Possibly Compete

Thirty-five miles of Railway from Nakusp will tap the whole of the Mines of the Slocan District, and the ores are bound to come out **BY THE NATURAL GATEWAY, VIA NAKUSP**, to the general welfare and prosperity of the Province.

Look at the Map.

A Provincial Railway Charter and subsidy and a Dominion Railway Charter have been obtained for the Nakusp & Slocan Railway, and the Canadian Pacific Co. have entered into an agreement to lease and operate the Railway for 25 years. There can be no doubt as to the importance of **NAKUSP**, the Gateway of the Slocan Country, either from the North or South, and the principal shipping and distributing point for all the district tributary to Slocan Lake.

Concentrators and Samplers

Now in contemplation, consequent on the definite settlement of the Railway question. The Nakusp & Slocan Railway will be built with a rush right into the heart of the Mines. See Wardner's and other experts' estimates of the production of Slocan Mines in the press. All this now assured is directly tributary to the Nakusp & Slocan Railway.

RAND BROS.,
General Agents, Vancouver, B.C.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
Agents, VICTORIA.

REDUCED! 50 doz. REGATTA & PRINT SHIRTS Reduced to 75c each

B. WILLIAMS & CO., 97 Johnson Street.

Keeping Down His Conceit.

There is a man in Detroit whose financial position is such that he can live in comfort without doing any other work than clipping his coupons. He is a reflective man, unknown outside of the city of his residence, and every once in a while, without any apparent object, he leaves home and stays away for a month or two. The other day he returned from one of those trips, and to a reporter he confided his reasons for going on these periodical journeys. Said he:

"I have to take these trips. I get so puffed up with my own conceit that it is necessary I go away once in a while to get the bubble punctured. Otherwise I would die from suffocation. When you are at home everybody knows you, and, having money, everybody bows to you. You feel you are attracting attention and are being talked about. It is one form of notoriety, or fame some call it, and to a vain man—show me the man who isn't vain—it is like cool water to a perspiring body. At home you exert an influence; people who know the power of money look up to you. It is a growing city, and money is needed to help it along. As its growth increases the value of everbody else's property, of course everybody has an ax to grind and is ready to bend the knee to the man who can set the grindstone in motion. He may be close as the bark of a tree, but he has the money and we call him liberal, public spirited, etc. We must pamper his vanity, you know.

"Now I am willing to acknowledge I absorb all of this flattery, and not being a good discriminator I put it all in the same class and allow it to raise me up, inch by inch, in my own estimation, until I am on the top wave of popularity—a little god, so to speak. This is my dangerous pinnacle. A fellow is likely to forget himself and make a break that will cost him dear in spite of his money. But just get outside of the city limits, and the only persons who find out you have money are the hotel servants and railroad porters, and they acknowledge it only in attempts to extort fees from you. Nobody else pays the least attention to you—you are to them a mere atom in the panorama passing before their eyes—a fleeting shadow that vanishes from the eye and memory in the moment. You travel on and on in this isolated condition until you finally fetch up in a big city, where you lose whatever is left of your false personality in the portals of a big hotel. With each day of your stay you drop one inch in your own estimation, and if you stay there long enough you will become your natural self again.

"My advice to over-vain men—to all men, in fact—is to leave home about once in two years and take a trip north, south, anywhere, so long as the effect upon the swelled head is beneficial."—Detroit Free Press.

A Man of Nerve.

A piece of surgical work, not so remarkable in itself, but accompanied by an astonishing display of nerve on the part of the patient, was accomplished a few days ago in the operating room of the Cincinnati hospital. Among those who applied for treatment during the regular clinic hours was J. L. Schlaun, a middle-aged man, who was suffering from a severs ulcerated affection of the scalp. The operation to be performed was not an infrequent one—the cutting out of the afflicted parts and cauterizing the wounds—but naturally was an exceedingly painful one. The surgeon who did the work had never before performed it without the patient being under the influence of an anesthetic. Imagine his surprise and that of the entire class when the afflicted man said, with the utmost sang froid, as the doctor ordered his assistants to put the man under the anesthetic:

"No, doctor, don't do that. If you will give me a little drink I will stand it without the chloroform."

Although startled, the surgeon said: "All right; get on the table."

Some whisky was brought, and taking a slight sip, the patient stretched himself out on the table as calmly as though it were a feather bed. His scalp was in a frightful condition, there being four or five ulcers in different places, each one being not less than five inches in diameter. The doctor took but a glance at the patient, and drawing forth a curret from a case of instruments near by, waded in with apparently as much recklessness as though he were digging potatoes. In a few moments he had cut out the masses of putrefied flesh, scraping through to the bone and trimming the edges of the wound. In the meantime the patient lay with his eyes open and never once was there any indication on his face of the severe pain he was undergoing. He even smiled as the merciless knife plowed about through his scalp and the blood poured forth in streams from the wounds.

"Bring the thermo-cautery," finally exclaimed the operator, and as he stood ready to apply the red-dot iron an involuntary shudder passed over the entire crowd of students. The patient, however, appeared perfectly cool and composed, and while the burning operation was in progress—the smoke rolling up to the ceiling as the iron hissed—his face wore a placid expression.

"Are you through?" was all he said when the sizzling ceased.

A few moments later as he started to the door he turned with a "Thank you, doctor," and, bowing to the witnesses with a smile on his face, left the room. The manner in which he spoke and the nerve which he showed during the operation were too much for the students, and before he could leave the room they broke out into hearty and prolonged applause. Although the patient's nerve was indisputable he declined to respond to the encore.

Weather Eccentricities.

While in India, the town of Sutchana, on the Gulf of Cutch, and a number of neighboring villages have been completely destroyed by heavy rains, five persons being killed by lightning and three drowned, from every part of Great Britain there has gone up a wail for rain. The long drought of the early spring has been followed by phenomenally hot and dry weather, and alarm for the future is general. Hay and clover of last year's growth are selling at the highest figures known at this season, and the prospect for market gardeners is very bad indeed. In several counties seed crops have been ploughed up because they would not pay for the labor of harvesting. Hay and clover grass are so dried up that they will hardly pay to cut. The drought is affecting towns also. In Glasgow the town council announces that there is danger of a water famine and a proposal has been made to shut off the supply at night from 11 until 5 o'clock. At Plymouth there is only one day's supply in the reservoir, while the amount flowing in is constantly diminishing and is not equal to the demand. The Clitheroe authorities have prohibited unnecessary washing of windows and all waste of this kind. In parts of the continent much the same condition of affairs prevails. A letter from France says that if America could send forage rapidly over to that country she would find a splendid market for it. The pastoral districts of France are threatened with the extinction of their flocks and herds. Farmers are selling their cattle for anything they will bring, simply because fodder cannot be bought to keep them alive. The result is a glut in the market. The price of beeves has gone down and the Paris householder is fighting with the retail butcher because the butcher will not reduce his prices according to the plethoric supply. Nevertheless the butchers contrive to keep up the price of meat.

How to Get "Sunlight" Picture

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Northern Pacific,

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points east and south. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone national park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

The Royal Swarm Too Big for Extras.

The Duke of York, we see it officially announced, is to be married on July 6th without application to Parliament for any allowance either for himself or his bride. They are to be provided for out of the £32,000 a year recently settled on the Prince of Wales' children, are to occupy rooms in St. James's Palace, and are to have for country residence a modest house recently fitted up on the Prince of Wales' Norfolk estate, called "Sandringham Cottage." It is "a most sensible arrangement," all must allow, entirely in accordance with the theories of the hour, and perhaps even necessary at a moment when every Radical member thinks he can make his seat safe by voting against any grant whatever to the royal family. We understand, too, something of the reluctance of a ministry like the present to make an application for money on behalf of any descendant of Queen Victoria. There are such a lot of them; and the majority have so little claim to anything but subsistence allowance. We suppose it cannot be helped in the momentary condition of opinion, and in presence of the alarm felt by the community at the increasing numbers of the royal race, but we should have said that £30,000 a year was not only a more reasonable but a safer allowance for a prince, who as all around him will tell him at all hours, must one day mount the throne.—London Spectator.

What Do You Take

Medicine for? Because you are sick and want to get well, or because you wish to prevent illness. Then remember that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all diseases caused by impure blood and debility of the system. It is not what its proprietors say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. Be sure to get Hood's, and only Hood's.

Purely vegetable—HOOD'S PILLS—25c.

If you only knew how nice it is--Tamilkande Tea.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

No. 196.

A BY-LAW

To Amend the Street By-Law.

Be it enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Section 26 of the Street By-law is hereby repealed and in lieu thereof the following shall be read:

Section 1. (26) No person unless specially authorized and permitted by a resolution of the Municipal Council shall make or light any fire, bonfire or tar barrel in the streets, alleys or thoroughfares in the City of Victoria, or in that portion of Victoria harbor which is within the city limits, or set fire to any fire works, or light, set off or throw any fire-cracker, squib, serpent or other noisy, offensive or dangerous substance, or discharge any cannon, gun, pistol, fowling-piece, or fire-arms within the city limits But nothing in this section contained shall apply to target practice, rifle or other shooting competitions by any member or members of any duly organized volunteer or militia force of Canada, upon or over the range known as the "Clover Point" rifle range, at any distance not exceeding 600 yards.

Section 2. This by-law may be cited as the "Street By-law Amendment By-law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the 19th day of June, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council on the twenty-sixth day of June, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
(L.S.)

No. 197.

A BY-LAW

For Raising Municipal Revenue by Means of Licenses, Road and Dog Taxes, and for Regulating the Same.

Be it enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. From and after the date of this by-law coming into effect, certain moneys as hereinafter mentioned shall be raised, levied, and collected in aid and for the purpose of the revenue of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, from the following sources namely:

(a) Licenses.
(b) Road-tax.
(c) Dog-tax.

LICENSES.

2. Every person using or following within the limits of the Corporation of the said city, any of the trades, occupations, or professions, particularly described and mentioned in schedule A hereto, shall take out a periodical license for such period as in the said schedule set out, and shall pay therefor such periodical sum as is herein specified, which said sums shall respectively be paid in advance to the said Collector, to and for the use of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

3. No person shall use, practice, carry on or exercise any trade, occupation, profession, or business within the limits of the said city, in the said schedule A described or named, without having taken out and had granted to him, her or them, a license in that behalf. The license to be granted as aforesaid may be in the form of schedule B hereto, and the same are to be granted so as to terminate on the 15th day of July or the 15th day of January, and no proportionate reduction shall be made on account of any person commencing business.

ROAD TAX.

4. Every male person between the age of twenty-one and fifty, residing in the City of Victoria, shall, on demand, pay to the Collector of the said city, or other duly authorized person, for the use of the Corporation, the annual sum of two dollars ($2.00) by way of Road Tax; provided always that such persons who are assessed for land, or real property, or improvements shall not be liable to pay such road tax.

DOG TAX.

5. Every person who owns, or for the space of one month harbours or possesses, any dog, shall for each such dog, pay to the Collector of the said city, for the use of the Corporation an annual tax or sum of two dollars.

6. The aforesaid taxes imposed by Clauses 4 and 5 of this By-law shall be due and payable, by the person or persons liable for the same, to the said Corporation for the present year on the 3rd day of July, 1893, and thereafter on the 16th day of January in each year. In the event of that date falling on a Sunday the aforesaid taxes shall be due and payable on the Monday following.

7. The penalties and procedure for enforcing Sections 2 and 3 of this By-law and the Schedule referred to herein shall be those contained in sections 208 and 209 of the Municipal Act 1892." In all other cases every person who is guilty of an infraction of any of the provisions of this By-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, in a summary manner, before the Police Magistrae, or any two Justices of the Peace having jurisdiction in the said city, be liable for every such offence, and shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars and costs, and if such penalty and costs be not paid, either immediately or within such period as such Police Magistrate or Justice may appoint, the same may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, and in default of sufficient distress, the offender may be imprisoned with or without hard labor, for any term not exceeding three calendar months, unless such costs and penalty be sooner paid.

9. The Revenue By-law 1889, the Revenue By-law Amendment By-law 1889, The Revenue By-law Amendment By-law 1890, the Revenue By-law Amendment By-law 1890 No. 2, the Revenue By-law Further Amendment By-law 1890, the Revenue By-law 1889 Amendment By-law 1890 No. 4, the Revenue By-law Amendment By-law 1891, the Revenue By-law Amendment By-lay 1891, No. 134, are hereby repealed, except as to acts done or penalties incurred before the coming into force of this By-law.

9. The Interpretation By-law applies to this By-law.

10. This by-lay may be cited as "The Revenue By-law 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the 19th day of June, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 24th day of June, 1893.

SCHEDULE A.

1. Each person who vends spirituous liquors by retail at any house or place within the limits of the City of Victoria, or vends fermented liquors by retail at any house or place within the limits of the City of Victoria, (other than a restaurant in respect of which he holds a license for the sale of beer, porter or wines with meals, and not otherwise,) where each house where such vending is carried on, $100 for every six months.

2. Each person who having a license to vend by retail, as mentioned in section 1, 4 and 5 of this Schedule, vending, bartering or trafficking by retail in fermented, spirituous or other liquor in a shop, store or place other than an inn, saloon, ale or beer-house or other house of public entertainment, in quantities of not less than a reputed pint bottle at any one time to any one person, and at the time of sale wholly removes and takes away liquor in quantities of not less than a reputed pint bottle, for each house or place where such vending is carried on, $75.00 for every six months.

3. Each person not having a retail license to vend as mentioned in Section 1 and 2 of this Schedule, and vending spirituous or fermented liquors by wholesale, that is to say, in quantities of not less than two gallons at any one time, at any house or place within the city limits other than any house or place in respect of which he holds a license to sell such liquors by retail, for each house or place where such vending is carried on $50 for every six months.

4. Each person who vends wines, spirits, or other beer, or other fermented or intoxicating liquor by retail in any building in use as an hotel, and containing not less than thirty rooms actually furnished, and used for hotel purposes, for each house or place where such vending is carried on, $100 for every six months.

5. Every person who keeps a restaurant and supplies beer or porter or wines with meals and not otherwise, for each such restaurant where such vending is carried on, other than any restaurant in respect of which he holds a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail, $25.00 for every six months.

6. Each person keeping a saloon or building where a billiard table is used for hire or profit, $5.00 for each table for every six months.

7. Each person keeping a bowling alley or rifle gallery, $5.00 for every six months.

8. Each person selling opium, (except chemists and druggists using the same in preparation of medical prescriptions, $250 for every six months.

9. Each person carrying on the business of a wholesale or of a retail merchant or trader, $50.00 for every six months.

10. Each person who is a retail trader, $5.00 for every six months.

11. Each person carrying on the business of a fur trader, $50.00 for every six months.

The license mentioned in Section 9, 10 and 11 of this Schedule enables the person paying the same to change his place of business at pleasure, but not to carry on business at two places at the same time under one license.

12. Every person who, either on his own behalf or as agent for another or others, sells, solicits, or takes orders for the sale by retail of goods, wares, or merchandise, to be supplied or furnished by any person or firm doing business outside of the Municipality, and not having a permanent and licensed place of business within the province, $50.00 for every six months.

13. Every hawker or peddler, $20.00 for every six months.

14. Every proprietor or manager of any theatre, for each exhibition, $5.00, provided, however, that no proprietor or manager of any theatre shall be required to pay in respect of such exhibitions sums in the aggregate greater than the sum of $30.00 per month.

15. Every express company, gas company, telephone company, electric light company, street railway or tramway company, $50.00 for every six months.

16. Every investment and loan society, $50.00 for every six months.

17. Every person who keeps or carries on a public wash-house or laundry, $5.00 for every six months.

18. Every person who carries on the business of a pawn-broker, $125.00 for every six months.

19. Every person or persons, the owner or owners of cabs, carts, wagons, carriages, omnibuses, and other vehicles kept for hire, $2.50 for every six months, for each vehicle, provided that no person or company holding four licenses under this Section, shall be liable at the same time to take out or pay for a license in respect of the livery stables at which the vehicle mentioned in such license is kept.

20. Every livery stable keeper, $10.00 for every six months.

21. Every person owning a pack-train of more than six animals, freight, wagon, stage-coach or omnibus used in transporting goods for profit or hire a distance beyond ten miles from the City of Victoria, $5.00 for every six months.

22. Every person owning a pack-train of less than six animals, dray, wagon, or omnibus used in transporting goods and passengers for hire or profit within a distance of ten miles from the city of Victoria, $2.50 for every six months.

23. Each person, firm or corporation, carrying on the business of a banker at one place of business, $400.00 for every twelve months, and for each other place of business, $100.00 for every twelve months.

24. Each person practicing as a barrister or solicitor, $12.50 for every six months.

25. Every person (other than a barrister or solicitor who has taken out a license to practice as such) following the occupation of a conveyancer or land agent or both, $12.50 for every six months.

26. Each auctioneer (not being a government officer selling by auction government property, or sheriff or sheriff's officer or bailiff selling lands, goods or chattles taken in execution or for the satisfaction of rent or taxes,) in addition to any other license before mentioned, $50.00 for every six months.

27. Every person who exhibits a public circus or managerie, $100 for each day of such exhibition.

28. Every person who exhibits wax-works, circus-riding, rope-walking, dancing, tumbling or other acrobatic or gymnastic performance, wild animals or hippodrome, sparring, boxing, sleight of hand, legerdemaine, juggiery, or other like tricks, pictures, painting, statuary, works of art, natural or artificial curiosities, tableaux, wonderful animals, or freaks of nature, or any other exhibition kept for hire or profit, when the same is exhibited elsewhere than in a theatre, music or concert hall, or other building or place, duly licensed, for each day of such exhibition, $5.00.

29. Every person who carries on the occupation of a stevedore, or who takes contracts to load or unload ships within the Municipality, $50.00 for every six months.

30. Every person following, within the Municipality of the City of Victoria, any trade, occupation, or calling not hereinbefore enumerated, or who enters into any contract or agreement to perform any work or furnish any material, $5.00 for every six months; provided always that no person employed as a journeyman, or for wages only, and not employing other persons or having a regular place of business, shall be subject to the provisions of this section.

SCHEDULE B.

Municipality of .....
A.B. has paid the sum of $.....in respect of a license to ..... and is entitled to carry on the business of ..... at ..... from ..... 18.... to ..... 18....

Dated .....

C. D.,
Collector.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 24th day of June, A.D., 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA B. C

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTCE is hereby given, that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned, Carl Strouss and Emanuel Bloomingdale, doing business on Wharf street, in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name and style of "C. Strouss & Co.," was this day dissolved by mutual consent, and all persons indebted to us are authorized and directed to pay the amount of their accounts to Emanuel Bloomingdale, to whom they have been assigned, and who will carry on the business at the old stand and under the old name.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1893.

(Signed) CARL STROUSS.
(Signed) EMANUEL BLOOMINGDALE.
Witness, (Sgd.) Francis B. Gregory.
j23-1m-d&w

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.)

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram; only $850; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
¼ acre Blocks, $2.0; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $50 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $6000, good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $300 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general out look and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

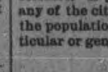
The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)

DUCK LUNG,
Groceries and Provisions

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE & INTELLICENCE BUREAU.
Contractor for Chinese labor at short notice.
42 Fisgard Street, Victoria.
j8-2m P.O. Box 457.

FROM LIVERPOOL



The Br. Bk. "Archer,"

780 tons register,

Is now on the berth FOR VICTORIA, and will sail on 10th July next. For freight and all other information apply to

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.
m19-tf

E. E. WELCH,
Accountan and General Collector.

Books posted and balanced. Incomes collected. Offices: 10 and 11 Bank of B. C. Building Government St. ma1-3m

A TALE OF THE FRONTIER

Exciting Chase After a Troublesome Gang of Freebooters.

THE LEADER SHOT AND CAPTURED

Settlers Take Effectual Measures to Protect Themselves Against Thieves—A Place Where Peace Officers Are Scarce.

Granite Creek, May 13.—The public will not be surprised to hear that the ubiquitous cowboy has been here on his summer raid, turning up everwhere but where he is most wanted—that is, in jail—picking up the best horses and confiscating such portable articles as may strike his fancy as being either valuable or necessary to his nomadic life.

The miners and settlers of this country have for years stood the exactions of these free lances with a forbearance worthy of a sculptured statue of Patience on a saint's tomb. But there is a limit to all things mortal; even the struggling rancher objects to being despoiled of his hard earned goods and chattels. So strongly did this feeling of self-protection manifest itself, that notwithstanding the threats of the cowboys to kill or mutilate any person interfering with their nefarious traffic, the people of the Similkameen valley determined to call the spoiler's hand, and in the show down which followed the sand in the thieves' craws was found wanting. Your thief is not often a brave man. And here let me take occasion to say that for 60 miles on each side of this place there is but one government officer to keep the peace and guard the rights of property.

The trouble this season began with the robbery of Mr. Thompson's store. The constable overtook the spoil-encumbered robbers near Princeton and succeeded in capturing one of the robbers, and some of the stolen property. The recovered property was stored at Mr. Allison's place; but under cover of the night the thieves returned, burglarized Mr. Allison's storehouse and again got possession of Mr. Thompson's goods, together with such articles of food as they required. They then went on the cattle range, captured Mr. Allison's little son, who was looking after the stock, and proceeded to round up the best horses, preparatory to leaving for some place where they could market their stolen property without being molested. In the meantime Mr. Allison, who is a magistrate, and Mr. Hunter, the constable, had organized a posse, and some eight or ten well armed men were in the saddle determined to run the thieves to earth or know the reason why. The thieves were trailed to the Jamieson ranch, on the river, where they had been making their headquarters for some time. The night being dark, and the brush around so thick that it would be impossible to see men hiding in it, without the aid of daylight, the posse had to patiently guard the place until there was light enough to make sure of allowing nobody to escape. But when the house was searched no robbers were found, and the honest inmates had neither seen nor heard of them for some days. "They thought they had left the country. No use in searching around there for them." But the men who had trailed them to the place thought differently, and forthwith began beating the brush around the river bank. About 11 o'clock the men were discovered on a bushy island in the river with horses all ready saddled. When called upon to surrender they mounted their horses and boldly pushed for the opposite banks, but the river being in flood, the current was too strong for them. One horse and rider were carried far down the river; the man escaped in the thick brush while the horse was drowned.

The other man was swept back to the point of the island where, as soon as he landed, he jumped off his horse and boldly opened fire on his pursuers. The fire was promptly and effectively returned, the man falling in the water. He recovered his rifle and attempted to shoot again, but the sand had got in the lock and it would not work, and before he could experiment with the dangerous thing a horseman stood over him holding a rifle to his head, and in a voice above a whisper, asked him to drop it, which he was not slow in doing. This is the leader of the gang and he is a man of aliases—Metlock alias McCartney, alias Thompson, alias etc., and he is said to be wanted for every alias. He has no Sunday name, that is, associated with anything that is good. The other man is named Brown, and he is a native of the Chilcotin country, where he is wanted for high crimes and misdemeanors.

The stolen property, together with the robbers' outfit, has been captured, several horses and a miscellaneous spread of things, useful and ornamental. There are two dress suits of clothes, and when Metlock was asked why he carried such fine clothes he said that it was an indispensable part of his outfit. "For," said he, "the high-toned Englishman, who plays at cattle-raising in British Columbia, puts on more style than a Beau Brummel. A meanly dressed man may be allowed to feed in the kitchen and spread his blankets in an outhouse, but a well dressed man with plausible manners is taken into his confidence and given the run of the place—you see the advantage."

Metlock's wounds were at first supposed to be fatal, and Dr. Boyce, of Fairview, was sent for and lost no time in coming to the assistance of the misguided sufferer, when after cleaning and probing the wounds he found that instead of three distinct bullet wounds one shot had done all the mischief. The doctor described it in a series of terms as long as a man's arm and as crooked as a sapling that grows on poor soil, but when translated into everyday language it means that the bullet struck the point of the ribs on the right side, glancing downward, making four ugly wounds without piercing the abdominal cavity.

J. S. BECKWITH.

Woman's Widening Sphere.

In the British colonies large numbers of women are employed in postal, telegraph and railway services. In Newfoundland positions in postal and telegraph offices are open to all British subjects without distinction of sex. Latin-America has lately manifested a desire to follow the example of European countries in respect to the employment of women, and Colombia has established a school of telegraphy divided into two sections—one for men and the other for women. The new republic of Brazil has admitted women not only into the service of telegraphs and telephones, but into all the government departments indiscriminately. In Chili a large number of places are filled by women in the postal and telegraph departments, and also in other government offices. In addition, the position of conductor on the tramway is, by a decision of the government always to be filled by women. The United States of America give employment in its various public administrations to 14,692 women, of whom 6650 are engaged in postoffices.—Pall Mall Gazette.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The circus dates have been changed to July 5 and 6.

—The members of St. Luke's Sunday school enjoyed their half yearly outing yesterday.

—The Rev. Alfred Reams' case will come up in the Supreme Court on Friday morning.

—Saturday, July 1st, positively last day of sale of Walcot's emery files, near Times office.

—The charge of larceny against Samuel, an Indian, was dismissed by Magistrate Macrae.

—F. W. Ward is over on the Sound arousing interest in the Australian steamship line.

—Victoria West Lodge, I.O.G.T., entertained a number of visiting members of the order last evening.

—The Uniform Rank, K. of P., will meet this evening, and Far West lodge to-morrow night. Installation of officers.

—Fred Day has again been seen. This time the escaped prisoner was on the Cadboro Bay road. The police are still on the hunt.

—The excursion to Port Angeles on July 4th, when the Islander will carry passengers the round trip for 50 cents, promises to be very well patronized.

—The boating party of the Companions of the Forest, which had been arranged for Friday evening, has been postponed till a date which will be duly advertised.

—In the police court Joe, Indian, drunk, was fined $5. Jas. Hague, drunk, and an old offender, was fined $20. The case of William Roberts, drunk, was remanded till to-morrow.

—The proposition to authorize a further loan on the security of the property of the company was discussed at an adjourned meeting of the shareholders of the tram company held last evening.

—The inquest held at Esquimalt yesterday by Coroner Hasell on the body of Thomas Fisher a verdict of suicide by drowning was returned. The body was in the water only ten minutes, but did not sink.

—To-day is the feast of Sts. Peter and Paul. There was communion service at St. Saviour's church, Victoria West, at 8 o'clock this morning. The Roman Catholic church transfers the solemnization of the day to Sunday next.

—Premier Davie has been advising Minister Bowell at Ottawa to take steps towards an arrangement for closer trade relations between Canada and Australia. Mr. Bowell was favorably disposed, but said nothing could be done until Sir John Thompson returned.

—The Royal Templars of Temperance have arranged to hold a gospel temperance meeting in the First Presbyterian church on Sunday afternoon next, July 2nd, at 4 p.m. Rev. Mr. Webb, late of the Emerald Duett, who conducted, with Mr. Smith, a series of successful gospel temperance meetings here three years ago, will take charge of the meeting.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.

Dr. Praeger of Nanaimo is in the city.

E. E. Rand of Vancouver is in the city.

W. H. Lomas is down from Duncan's Station.

John Williams of Vancouver is at the Hotel Victoria.

Miss Clevaleand and Miss Fitch of Cleveland, Ohio, are at the Driard.

A. H. Harding and A. K. Bell of Portland are guests at the Hotel Victoria.

George H. List, superintendent, and H. A. Johnson, general agent of the Northern Pacific Express Co., are at the Driard.

M. G. Hall, superintendent, and E. A. Reece and A. M. Otto, travelling auditors of the Northern Pacific Express Company, are at the Driard.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—J A Henry and wife, EMarston, H Johnson, M G Hall, Wm Wilson, J G Tuttle, Mrs C W Stone Mrs Greely, Jno Deslin, H F Hurlburt, Mrs Hammond, C W Rinehart, W G Cameron, H Evanfall, Mrs. Wood and daughter, M Munson and wife, W L McCarter, F R Gunkrests, Miss Mayo Geo Harvey Mrs Galbraith; D J Lewis, Tho Kern ,D Davis; W Mogar, Jno Allen, R Campbell, A C Miller, A E Reese, Miss Sharts, H L Pugh, S Levy, H A Johnson, Mrs Bullen, Mrs Bailey, Miss White, A Fitzgerald and wife G B Robbins C P Braynard, A P Reid, Geo S List and wife, F V Moffitt, Miss Campbell.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—A H P Mathew, Miss Mary Blake, Mrs C W Ford, Mrs G P D Simpson, J H Freeman, W W Smith, H Buckle, Mrs Laugdrige, Mrs Binkey, C N Westwood, R Stoddard, Mrs McCrea, Miss Fitch, A Leslie, John Barron, A R Bell, Miss A E Blake, Miss Pope, A D Ross, E E Rand, Justice Walkem, Mrs W W Smith, Miss Walker, F Keith, Marter Blakey, R St Aubin, Rev W D Barber Mrs McCrea, W H Marshall, Mrs Bates, Miss Barrow, C W Ford, F Campbell, Thomas Hooper, E E Blackwood, Miss Rand, J Williams, G Blakley, W H Armstrong, T Caldwell, Rev D McCrea, Two Sisters St. Ann, A Bates, H W Ford, H H Hardy.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston, from the Sound—E G Prior & Co, Leonard Johnson, Valo &R, Selling & M Brew Co, Victoria Phoenix Brew Co, H Mansell, S H E Furn Co, J Duncan, Union Ice Company, O Bros, J Boscowitz & Sons, Allice & Ault.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—J Sears, Taylor M Co, Simon Gamasson, Fell&Co, J & A Clearihue, H Saunders, J W Anderson, Valo & Brooks, Mrs J B McGilligan, care Robert Scott, A & W Wilson, A McGregor, Clark & Pearson, E J Salmon, E G Prior, W H Perry, Johns Bros, J B Johnson, Jubilee Saloon, J H Franks, R A Brown, R H Jamieson, L Lewis, S Leiser, Thos Earle, Thorpe & Co.

Linerusta Walton and Lignomur for wall decorating, a perfect imitation of carved wood, at Weiler Bros.

Some new shades in plain ingrain Wallpapers with deep borders at Weiler Bros.

Drink Tamilkande Tea.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED to exchange improved farm, 100 acres, for city property. Apply A. Williams, 5 Store street. j28

A. R. Johnston and J. S. Stannard, of Nanaimo; W. C. Duncan, of Duncan's station and Frank S. Leather, of Quamichan, registered at the Oriental to-day.

WANTED—Active, trustworthy, handy man for plain garden and pony. Further particulars at 23 Cadboro Bay road, 8 a.m. or 6 p.m. j28-6t

WANTED—A good strong girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Clearihue, Cadboro Bay road, opposite Charles street. j28-tf

COTTAGE and large lot wanted to lease with privilege of purchasing. Address L. M. Times Office. j28-2t

DURING my absence from the city my wife Annie and my son J. A. McDowell, hold my power of attorney. Wm. McDowell. j23-1w

WANTED—Well sinker who has boring rods. Apply Pemberton & Son, 45 Fort street, Victoria. j27-3t

WANTED—A general servant, 144 Menzies street. j27-3t

FOR SALE—A dark brown mare, 8 years old, thoroughly broken to saddle and harness, quiet and sound. Apply at Hodge's blacksmith shop, 92 Johnson street. j27-3t

WANTED—Bookkeeper for cannery; for one or two months. Apply, stating age, experience, salary expected, P. O. Box 52. j27-3t

FOR SALE—Improved farm, 160 acres, 8 acres cleared; 1½ story log house and 4 sheds; near McPherson,s Station; cheap at $1,200. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas st. j26

FOR SALE—New two story house, 5 rooms, Frances Avenue, Saanich Road; a bargain at $900; terms to suit. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. ju26

TO LET—5 roomed house on Frances Avenue Saanich Road; cheap at $8. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. ju26

FOR SALE—A black mare, four years old, broken to ride and drive; also an English saddle in good condition with bridle and safety stirrup. On view at the Fashion Stables, Fort street j26-3t

OFFICE to LET—With use of large safe, next to corner of Bastion and Langley streets. Apply to A. DeCosmos. j24-6t

FOUND—Small dark brown mare; owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. Apply W. Bulman, Shawnigan Lumber Yard. ju 23-6t

PIGS FOR SALE—Apply to W. G. Bowman, 25 Broad street. ju 23-2w

FOR SALE—A half interest in Pierre Block; easy terms; good chance for a merchant who is paying rent. For particulars apply at 100 Douglas street.

TO RENT—With immediate possession, the store now occupied by the undersigned. Apply on the premises. A. B. Gray & Co., Wharf street. 16 ju-tf

PINKING AND STAMPING of all kinds done at reasonable prices at 5 James street, James Bay. june 16-1m

LOST—On Monday 5th inst., from the neighborhood of the Lansdowne road, a brown mare, with three white feet; branded J N on shoulder; star on forehead. Information will be rewarded by Erskine, Wall & Co., corner Government and Fort streets. je15-tf

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply E., this office. je9-tf

TO LET—Well furnished rooms for two or three gentlemen, or with use of kitchen for married couple, at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay. j5

BUSINESS FOR SALE—Six thousand dollars in cash or security will buy an interest in one of the most successful mercantile enterprises of this city. Apply P.O. box 738, Victoria, B.C. my31-1m

GENTLEMEN TAKE NOTICE—I am getting in a new stock of tweeds and worsteds, and will start in new work, also repairing, cleaning, and altering done on shortest notice. J. McCorkall, 52 Broad street, corner Yates. je5-1m

FOR SALE—350 acres fine farming and timber land in South Saanich, 200 yards from new railway and 10 miles from Victoria; new house and orchard. Will be sold in lots to suit purchaser. Terms, etc., apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government street. je2-1m

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., Ld.

Dominion Day Excursion to Vancouver

STR. PREMIER will leave Victoria for Vancouver, Friday, June 30th, at 11 p. m.

STR. ISLANDER leaves Victoria for Vancouver, at 2 a.m., Saturday July 1st.

FARE for Round Trip, $3.00,
Good on either boat. Tickets good to return on Sunday, July 2nd.

Tickets and Berths Now on Sale.

Premier will leave Vancouver on return trip at 9 p.m. Saturday, July 1st. Islander will leave at 3 30.

j26 JNO. IRVING, Manager.

"A Word To the Wives Is Sufficient."

For Rendering Pastry Short or Friable.

COTTOLENE

Is Better than Lard
Because
It has none of its disagreeable and indigestible features.

Endorsed by leading food and cooking experts.

Ask your Grocer for it.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.
Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

The Stanley House

55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST., COR. OF FORT ST.

Jackets Capes Mantles

Our entire stock in these lines is greatly reduced and should be seen by intending purchasers.

Millinery

We are showing in this department a special line of about 50 very pretty Hats and Bonnets, at $3.00, worth from $5.00 to $6.00.

Challies

Our line of Challies at 35c. is the finest ever offered at that price and are all this season's stock and the very latest designs.

Remnants

We have thrown out about 150 ends, consisting of Dress Goods, Prints, Embroideries and Cottons, that are marked AWAY DOWN and are well worth an inspection.

We have about 10 doz. pairs of Kid Gloves left, at 50c. and 75c. The original price of this line was from $1 to $1.50.

We opened to day 15 pieces of Silkoline in the very newest patterns.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Argyle House

SPECIAL BARGAINS

12 yards of Dress Goods for $1
12 yards of Flannelette for $1
12 yards 36 inch wide White Calico for $1
12 yards White Satin Stripe Muslin for $1
10 yards Brown Holland for $1
White Sheeting, 5 yards for $1
Unbleached Sheeting, 5 yds. for $1
Lace Curtains, 50c. per pair.
Remnants of Carpets, Very Cheap
A lot of Umbrellas and Parasols at Cost.
A Big Lot of Odd Lace Curtains at 25c. each.

J. Horner & Co.

WEILER BROS.

Latest Arrivals

Reed, Rattan and Bamboo Furniture,
Comprising Novelties in
Chairs, Rockers, Couches, Tables, Cabinets, Screens, Easels, Etc., Etc.

Juvenile High Grade Safety Bicycles,
With solid rubber tires, with nickel mountings; warranted first-class in every particular, $25 each.

Baby Carriages, Children's Wagons and Boys' Velocipedes in Great Variety
Large Stock of High Grade Pressed Glassware.
SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

A Snap

158 doz. Pure Linen Collars.
Regular retail price, 25c. each. $2.50 a doz.
Our Price, 15c. each, $1.50 a doz.
No old stock.
Fresh from the factory to-day.

Gilmore & McCandless,
35 AND 37 JOHNSON STREET.

PICNIC PARTIES

EVERYTHING REQUIRED FOR A SUCCESSFUL PICNIC CAN BE OBTAINED AT

HENRY SAUNDERS'
39 and 41 JOHNSON STREET.

Canned Poultry, Meats, Soups, Fish, Fruits, Etc.
Temperance Beverages, Violet and Ginger Champagne.
Finest Imported Ports, Sherries, Madeiras and Champagnes.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.
BANKERS
VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

AGENTS FOR
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

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